

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVII., NO. 5325

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1902.

PRICE 2 CENTS

LILLIAN RUSSELL
5¢ CIGAR
GOOD TOBACCO
GOOD WORKMANSHIP
GOOD VALUE
 Just what your FAVORITE 5¢ CIGAR should be
HAND MADE *NOT MADE IN A HOLE*

BREAD AND BUTTER

THE HOME MUST HAVE.

Let us furnish you with the butter, we can do it so satisfactorily both to you and ourselves. We manage many stores. We make immense purchases. Our large sales allow us to take small profits, but however low our prices—there is one thing in all of our establishments—you will find a fixture—that is our standard of quality. Something always happens to suit prudent and particular people at our place who wish

Butter, Cheese, Eggs.

HARK TO THIS HINT:

29c lb Our Special Mocha and Java **29c lb**
FINEST GROWN.

AMES' BUTTER AND TEA STORE,

35 CONGRESS ST., PORTSMOUTH.

OTHER STORES: Everett, Clinton, Gloucester, Westfield, Boston, Pittsburg, Quincy, Newburyport, Woburn, Leominster, Attleboro, Dover, Nashua, Northampton.

Henry Peyser & Son offer Timely Bargains in Children's Winter Suits at \$2.50 to \$5.00.

250 Pairs of Knee Pants at 50c and 75c.

All Sorts of Sweaters for Boys, \$1.00 and \$2.00.

500 Pairs of the Famous \$2.00 Pants for Men.

Special Values in Men's Suits at \$8.50 and \$10.00.

Big Trades in Men's Ulsters and Driving Coats at \$7.50 and \$10.00.

HENRY PEYSER & SON.

YOU CERTAINLY WANT THE PUREST FINE OLD KY. TAYLOR WHISKEY
 Full Quarts. 8 Years Old.
 R. H. HIRSHFIELD, N. E. Agent,
 31 DOANE STREET, BOSTON.
 For Sale by Case and Bottle by Globe Grocery Co.

C. W. Grove
 This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

STRIKE SPREADS.

16,000 Men Are Now Idle in Boston.

Several Thousand More Expected To Quit Today.

Tuesday Was A Day Of Quiet And No Signs Of Disorder.

Boston, March 11.—The second day of the great strike of organized labor against the demands of the railroad and steamship companies that the members of the various organizations handle merchandise delivered by teams of the R. S. Brine Transportation company witnessed large additions to the ranks of the strikers. Nearly 6,000 union men went out today, swelling the grand total to 16,000, with the prospect that tomorrow the number will be increased several thousand more. Many meetings of labor organizations are being held tonight, including the Master Craftsmen's association. An effort is being made to induce the Central Labor union, which has thus far taken no part in the strike, to order out the members of ninety trades unions that are affiliated. The Central Labor union is also in session tonight. The day has been very quiet, with no disorder. The Brine teams are all at work.

THE PRINCE DEPARTS.

Sails Away For Germany, But Intimates That He May Visit Us Again Some Time.

New York, March 11.—Prince Henry of Prussia sailed for Germany on board the Hamburg-American line steamship Deutschland at 3:45 o'clock this afternoon and thus ended his first visit to the United States. Mayor Low was one of his latest callers. In bidding farewell the prince hinted that it was his intention to pay a second visit to this country some time. In replying to Mayor Low, he said: "I thank the citizens of New York for all their kindnesses to me, which I appreciate deeply. If I should return I should feel upon reaching New York as though I were once more at home." This statement was the only formal farewell authorized by the prince, but in the course of many conversations during the afternoon he stated that the whole trip had been one of the greatest pleasure. Messages were exchanged between President Roosevelt and the prince this afternoon.

TREATY RATIFIED.

Copenhagen, March 11.—The Folketing in committee of the whole and in executive session today voted by a large majority in favor of ratifying the treaty providing for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

PROFITABLE ADDRESS.

Rev. Dr. A. E. Winship, editor of the New England Journal of Education, addressed the members of the Portsmouth Teachers' association on Tuesday afternoon in Conservatory hall. His topic was "Character, Capacity and Training," and from his treatment of it his audience derived many ideas that will prove valuable to them. The attendance was gratifying to the lecturer.

ORGANIZED IN KITTERY.

Organized in Kittery at the office of the Corporation of Maine company: Surinam Hydraulic company, capitalized at \$1,000,000 of which \$1,000 is already paid in. President, E. L. Chaney; treasurer, Irving S. Woodruff; clerk, H. Thompson.

OBSEQUES.

The body of Andrew J. Whidden was brought to this city this morning on the 10:35 train from Boston. Interment took place in the family lot at Harmony Grove cemetery under the direction of O. W. Ham.

INTENSE SUFFERING

From Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble

Instantly Relieved and Permanently Cured by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

A New Discovery, But Not a Patent Medicine.

Dr. Redwell relates an interesting account of what he considers a remarkable case of acute stomach trouble and chronic dyspepsia by the use of the new discovery, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

He says: "The patient was a man who had suffered to my knowledge, for years with dyspepsia. Everything he ate seemed to sour and create gases



in the stomach. He had pains like rheumatism in the back, shoulder blades and limbs, fullness and distress after eating, poor appetite and loss of flesh; the heart became affected, causing palpitation and sleeplessness at night.

"I gave him powerful nerve tonics and blood remedies, but to no purpose. As an experiment I finally bought a 50 cent package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at a drug store and gave them to him. Almost immediate relief was given, and after he had used four boxes he was to all appearances fully cured."

"There was no more acidity or sour, watery risings, no bloating after meals, the appetite was vigorous and he has gained between 10 and 12 pounds in weight of solid, healthy flesh."

"Although Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are advertised and sold in drug stores, yet I consider them a most valuable addition to any physician's box of remedies, as they are perfectly harmless and can be given to children or invalids or in any condition of the stomach with perfect safety, being harmless and containing nothing but fruit and vegetable essences, pure pepsin and Golden Seal."

"Without any question they are the safest, most effective cure for indigestion, biliousness, constipation and all derangements of the stomach, however slight or severe."

WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK.

Penacook Methodists are to present Sunbonnets at their next sociable.

The story goes that Nat Goodwin lost \$18,000 at poker in Louisville on two days of last week.

A new burlesque trust just effected involves forty-one burlesque theatres in the principal cities of this country.

Billy Rice, the veteran minstrel who died about ten days ago and who once commanded \$1,000 per week, was given a fifty-dollar funeral on Monday at the expense of the Actors' fund, after the authorities were about to bury him in a pauper's grave.

Klavi and Erlanger employ no fewer than fifty thoroughbred horses in their various productions of the great spectacular marvel Ben Hur, and forty more are in course of training for the St. Petersburg and Paris engagements next September and October.

Keith is to have a theatre in Pittsburgh.

The Crisis played to \$9,000 for three performances in Pittsburgh.

Eugene Confield ("Bingo," in A Temperance Town.) has a new occupation—posing for comic biograph pictures.

Chevalier Guille, the operatic tenor, who has been heard by a number of Portsmouth people, has lost his voice.

HERE TONIGHT.

Take a cup full of Old Homestead, ditto of Way Down East, stir it all together and you have the batter for The Village Postmaster, but the cake that comes from it has a flavor all its own. If all reports be true, it is more pleasant and palatable. The play has just finished a run of 125 nights in Chicago, where it was by all odds the big success of the summer season. It will be seen at Music hall this Wednesday evening. The original scenic production is to be given. The company includes many of the original cast.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. Price 25 cents.

No matter how long you have had the cough; if it hasn't already developed into consumption, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will cure it.

REPUBLICAN LANDSLIDE.

Swept Everything Before It In Municipal Election.

John Pender Elected Mayor By The Handsome Majority Of 639.

Democrats Get Only One Alderman And Two Councilmen.

There was not the least uncertainty about the victory scored by the republicans of this city in the annual municipal election on Tuesday. It was so emphatic that the democrats were not given even a look-in.

Col. John Pender was elected mayor over J. Ed Pickering, the democratic nominee, by a majority of 639. The republicans also elected nine aldermen and sixteen councilmen, giving the democrats but one lone alderman and two councilmen.

Mr. Pickering carried only one ward, the third. He was spouted under by the ballots in all the others.

In joint session of the city government during the coming year the republicans will have an overwhelming majority.

The most notable development of the day was the deviation of Ward Five into the republican column, for the first time in its history. This ward, usually a democratic stronghold, took such a surprising flop that it caused universal surprise. It gave Mr. Pender a majority of thirty-three.

This result was achieved only by the hardest kind of hustling on the part of the republican leaders in the ward. A liberal share of the credit belongs to Michael Quinn and Alderman-elect Herman A. Clark, who left no stone unturned to shove the democrats into the slough of despondency.

In Ward Two, the republican Stastopol, Col. Pender piled up an immense majority and Mr. Parsons, upon whom rested the hopes of his party, went down to defeat along with the rest of his democratic associates on the ticket.

The independent republican ticket that was in the field in Ward One drew quite a lot of votes, but did not prevent the regular caucus ticket from landing high and dry.

It was a very quiet election. The various voting places were devoid of excitement about all day, with the possible exception of Ward Five. Everybody was well behaved and the policemen on duty at the ward rooms had no occasion to use their locusts.

The weather was favorable for a big vote, but there were quite a number of stay-at-homes on both sides.

Vote For Mayor.

MAYOR VOTE BY WARDS, 1901.		
Ward	McIntire	Langdon
1	437	141
2	502	159
3	155	201
4	230	73
5	156	157
	1,480	731
Edward E. McIntire's majority, 749.		

MAYOR VOTE BY WARDS, 1902.

Ward	John Pender	J. Edward Pickering
1	357	177
2	516	156
3	126	209
4	240	91
5	180	117
	1,419	750
John Pender's majority, 639.		

Makeup of Both Branches.

The city government, as elected on Tuesday, stands as follows:

Ward One, Aldermen, Thomas G. Lester, Fred L. Martin, Frank W. Knight; councilmen, Edwin C. Hopworth, Edward A. Manent, Elisha B. Newman, Harry M. Tacker, Fred L. Stackpole, Robert C. Margeson;

Ward Two, Aldermen, Charles E. Bailey, Wallace D. Smith, George A. Wood; councilmen, Laurie D. Britton, John N. Goodall, Daniel A. McIntire, S. F. A. Pickering, Israel H. Washburn, James A. McCarthy;

Ward Three, Aldermen, Albert H. Adams; councilmen, William P. Young, William H. Appleton;

Ward Four, Aldermen, Edward H.

Adams, Arthur H. Locke; councilmen, George E. Cox, Ralph L. Halsecom; Ward Five, Aldermen, Herman A. Clark; councilmen, Charles G. Asay, George L. Hersey.

In the early evening, directly the count had been concluded, a crowd of enthusiastic republicans numbering many from Ward Five, got out the City band and with torches paraded the streets.

Independent Ticket.

There was an independent republican ticket in the field in Ward One, but it had no material influence on the general result there. The men on this ticket polled the following vote:

Aldermen, Ashbel S. Brown, 91, Willis B. Matles, 79, Harry E. Paley, 72.

Councilmen, Frank E. Watson, 70, Frank P. Downing, 67, Albion T. Parker, 65; John E. Milton, 67.

A RARE TREAT.

A rare treat is in prospect for all who may attend the lecture to be given at Music hall next Wednesday evening, March 19, by Jacob Riis, under the auspices of the Grafton club. No public speaker in this country today is better fitted to speak of the conditions existing in the poorer sections of our great cities, among the dwellers in the slums.

The following tribute from the Churchman is of interest:

"Rarely may one hear a talk so thoroughly interesting as the lecture delivered before the Church club by Mr. Riis; illustrated by views impressive in themselves and clothed with tremendous force by terse, humorous, entertaining and touching description. The lecture was broad in scope, treating in a practical way of the features in tenement house life which tend toward crime, and bringing out clearly that among the children is the great field for uplifting work."

Mr. Riis' subject will be "The Battle with the Slum." Much of the material for this address he collected while police reporter for the New York newspapers.

THELMA COMING.

In Charles W. Chase's stage version of Marie Corelli's Thelma, the action is laid in Norway and England and is a most refreshing dramatic novelty, entirely different from any other attraction ever produced. The snow storm is a very realistic scene, and the death of the Viking on board the burning ship will bring tears to every eye. The company is a fine one, its leading members having been associated with the best managers. At Music hall next Saturday, afternoon and evening.

CC. B. 50, CO. 1 10:

The third and deciding game in the basketball series between teams representing Co. B 2d regiment, N. H. N. G. of this city and Co. 1 of Rochester, was played at Police hall Friday evening, and was won by Co. B. Both teams played fast, and the game was not so one-sided as the score indicates. The summary:

Co. B—Lane, R. Frisbie, R. Blaisdell, C. Crompton, R. A. Lemire, D. Co. 1—Page, H. Maitel, C. Call, C. Geddis, C. O. Lemire, R. Perry, B.

THE CARLSBAD OF AMERICA IN 24 HOURS OF NEW YORK.

Hot Springs, N. C.

Is situated thirty-five miles west of Asheville, N. C., on the Southern Railway, and occupies a beautiful plateau of a thousand acres. It is a picturesque and pretty village, surrounded by some of the grandest of North Carolina's famous mountains. It is mountain-locked, which renders it delightfully pleasant as a winter resort, owing, too, to its altitudinal and latitudinal location—an altitude sufficient to give a fine, dry and bracing air, and a latitude far enough to the South to give a mildness to the climate in winter—make it very desirable for a winter's sojourn. It gets its name from the Hot Springs which are in the grounds of the

Mountain Park Hotel, a thoroughly modern hostelry, situated in a beautiful park of one hundred acres. The hotel has recently been remodelled, and consists of two hundred bedrooms, all of which are well ventilated, lighted and heated, and all of which get a goodly quota of sunshine at some time of the day. All are steam-heated and some have open fires. Quite a number are en suite, with fine porcelain baths, toilets and lavatories, and all are handsomely and well furnished, and over a quarter of a mile of broad, sunny piazzas, which are enclosed in glass in winter. A large number of public baths and several large marble pools are located in the hotel, where those who do not care to go to pools in bathhouses can be served with hot mineral baths. On the grounds of the hotel are the finest golf links in the South. The grounds lie along the banks of the famed French Broad River, and through them runs "Spring Creek," a bold, beautiful mountain stream. But the crowning glory of the place is its hot waters, which are thrown up from the earth in a number of springs, the temperatures of which range from 96 to 110 degrees. There is always in attendance thorough massagers and capable bath attendants. These hot waters are famed and very efficacious in the treatment of rheumatism, gout, sciatica, and all uric acid diseases, and are also greatly beneficial to those suffering from indigestion, nervousness, etc. Below will be found analysis of these waters, made by the eminent chemist, Dr. Charles F. Chandler, Columbia College, N. Y.

Contains in one U. S. gallon of 231 cubic inches:
 Chloride of Sodium, 1.0827 grains
 Chloride of Potassium, 0.6192 "
 Sulphate of Potassium, 1.6168 "
 Sulphate of Lime, 20.0416 "
 Sulphate of Magnesia, 7.2001 "
 Bicarbonate of Ammonia, traces
 Bicarbonate of Lime, 9.0196 "
 Bicarbonate of Iron, 9.1012 "
 Phosphate of Soda, traces
 Silica, 0.0285 grains
 Alumina, 3.1134 "
 Organic and Volatile Matters, traces

Total solids, 42.8631 grains
 For complete information apply to Geo. C. Daniels, N. E. P. A., 228 Washington St., Boston.

SURPRISED HER.

About twenty-five friends of Mrs. Harry Foote, employed with her in the shoe factory, gave her a very pleasant surprise on Tuesday evening, trooping into her home on Austin street and presenting to her a costly candle holder of handsome design, ice cream and cake comprised the refreshments afterward served and there was music to round out the evening's enjoyment.

Advertise in the Herald

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE
 CURES COLDS IN 24 HOURS.
 CURES LAGRIPE IN 3 DAYS.
 NO BETTER REMEDY KNOWN FOR HEADACHE
 35 TABLETS FOR 25 CENTS.
 BE SURE TO GET HILL'S. IT IS THE ONLY GENUINE.

White Lead, White Zinc, And Linseed Oil.

A.P. WENDELL & CO.

2 MARKET SQUARE.

If You Are Troubled With

Constipation, Liver and Kidney Diseases,
Catarrh of the Stomach, Dyspepsia,
Gout and Rheumatism,

USE THE GENUINE IMPORTED

Carlsbad Sprudel Salt.

IT IS NATURE'S OWN REMEDY.

The Carlsbad Sprudel Salt is obtained by evaporation from the waters of the Springs at Carlsbad and contains the same remarkable curative properties that have made the place famous for five centuries.

Be sure to obtain the Genuine article, which must have the signature of "EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, New York," on every bottle.

GOTHAM'S MONEY LENDERS.

Capital Turned Over Rapidly at the Stock Exchange.

At the extreme south side of the New York Stock Exchange is a battered post with the word "Loans" painted on it in big letters. Around its base on stormy market days brokers bowl and shout themselves hoarse of voice and red as to face in their efforts to borrow money or to lend it at the best prevailing rates.

Every day around the loan post from \$35,000,000 to \$50,000,000 is loaned to needy stockholders to tide over their deals or to complete big transactions already under way. On a very busy day or at a panic season the scramble about the loan post takes on the appearance of an active Irish fair. Every dollar thus loaned on the floor of the exchange is secured by collateral security considered gilt edged by the man with the money.

These money lenders of the exchange turn capital over rapidly. Most of the money is loaned on "call," says a correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, which means that the lender may call it in at any time, and seldom is it loaned in this way for longer than thirty to sixty days. The rate of interest changes often, but it is usually on an ascending scale. In panic times it has been known to go as high as 70 and 80 per cent. Russell Sage, who has been lending money for sixty years, is the largest private money lender in the United States. Mr. Sage for his money asks only the ruling rate.

J. P. Morgan's idea of lending money in Wall street is to lend it when the other money brokers are pinching and squeezing and threatening collapse to the market. Frequently he sends one of his partners to the floor of the exchange when either bulls or bears are in a demoralized condition with the announcement that he has \$10,000,000 or \$15,000,000 to lend at the legal rate. As the "legal rate" is frequently from 3 to 10 per cent below the rate the other private lenders are charging, the effect of his partner's appearance on the floor of the exchange with a statement of that sort is electrical, and the rate comes tumbling down.

New Kind of Ship's Propeller.
A Danish engineer, H. C. Vogt of Copenhagen, has invented a propeller for ships that attempts to imitate the action of a fish's tail and combines driving with steering power. Experiments are said to have shown that the new apparatus, which is called the "pendulum propeller," gives a greater driving thrust than does the screw propeller, while its steering ability exceeds that attainable with twin screws and rudders together. The great difficulty is with the engine, for, with the present forms of engines, the weight of the driving mechanism is too great to be practical for steamships. The oscillating blade of the pendulum propeller is placed at the stern of the ship in the position of the ordinary rudder, with its longest axis vertical.

Payments of Glass.
Payments of glass, which have not been so plentiful of late, are now being made in Zurich, Geneva, Lyons and other Swiss and French cities, are now being made in Paris on the Rue Tranchée, in the rear of the Mail Hotel.

The glass used for paying is not ordinary glass. It is prepared specially, and yet it is cheap, as it is made of old bottles, etc., melted. The glass is ground to powder, strongly heated until it assumes a pesty consistency and pressed into molds. The blocks of this "dextral" glass have all the hardness and durability of ordinary glass without its fragility.

Like a Great Feudal Lord.
Lord Roskilly, according to T. P. O'Connor, lives the life of a great feudal lord on his estates. He has a host of retainers, splendid equipages, and everywhere his coronet is in evidence. He travels from one of his great houses to another with a pillion as if he were a great noble, and the people like him all the better for being apart from them. In the past and circumstance of his private life.

The Horse.
The horse's intelligence has been so marked by every nation, ancient and modern, that he has always been taken as a symbol of the human intellect or nobility. Hence in the mythology of all nations he has been used as a symbol of the intellectual principle.

CHARGED WITH MURDER

Alleged Assaults of Patrolman Keefe Held Without Bail

Malden, Mass., March 12.—George Hughes, alias George Edwards, alias Edward Carter, a man well past middle age, and George H. Blake, aged 17, were arraigned here yesterday, charged with murder. Their first arraignment was on the complaint of assault with a dangerous weapon on Patrolman Thomas Keefe of the Everett police force, but Keefe being now dead the complaint was not pressed, and the men rearraigned on the more serious charge. Both men were represented by counsel and both pleaded not guilty. They were held for the June term of the grand jury without bail.

The crime of which they are charged was committed early in the morning of Feb. 20. Keefe arrested two men near Everett square as suspicious characters. He was leading them up Broadway when they struggled from his grasp and one pulled a revolver and shot him. Hughes and Blake were arrested some hours later, and Keefe, before he died, identified the former as the one who did the shooting.

Serious Quarry Accident

Chester, Vt., March 12.—Five quarrymen were badly injured yesterday at the quarry of the Union Soapstone company, an explosion occurring while the men were working on the ledge with pickaxes, and coming in contact with dynamite which had failed to explode at the time a previous blast was attempted. When the explosion took place hundreds of tons of rock and earth were scattered in all directions. David Morris was thrown 50 feet across the pit, his arms and body being badly lacerated, both eyes torn out, and he will probably die. George Moore was also probably fatally hurt, but the others will recover.

A Burglar's Queer Doings

Newtown, Mass., March 12.—The residence of Wallace D. Lovell was visited by a burglar last week and about \$100 worth of goods stolen. Yesterday afternoon the family received a box by express from Boston in which was every article stolen carefully packed. The police are puzzled over the incident. The box was entered Wednesday while the family were asleep. Jewelry, silverware and trinkets valued at many thousands of dollars were passed over and only about \$100 worth of property was carried away.

With Over \$16,000,000 Capital

Providence, March 12.—By the incorporation of the Rhode Island company, under the provisions of an act introduced into the house of representatives yesterday, will be effected the consolidation of the Narragansett Electric Lighting company, the United Traction company and the Providence Gas company and possibly other concerns. The three companies represent a combined capital of over \$16,000,000.

Chairman Made a Side Deal

Warner, N. H., March 12.—The town meeting here was culminated yesterday by the removal from office of Chairman Davis of the soldiers' monument commission. A report showed that Davis had given a contract for the stone work of the monument amounting to \$2100 for a personal consideration of \$200. The contractors made an assignment and certain documents fed into the hands of the receiver, who notified the town.

Girl Killed, Father Hurt

Boston, March 12.—Mary Clancy, 13 years old, was killed by an electric car yesterday afternoon. Her father, who saw the accident, not knowing that it was his child who had been killed, led others in trying to raise the car and broke his wrist in his efforts. It is feared that Mrs. Clancy cannot bear up under the strain. The girl ran in front of the car and witnesses attach no blame to the motorman.

Appointment Pleases Haverhill

Haverhill, Mass., March 12.—The news of the appointment of Congressman Moody as the successor to Secretary of the Navy Long has been received in this city with great satisfaction, and the citizens are highly jubilant. Steps have already been taken toward giving Congressman Moody a monster reception when he returns from Washington next Saturday.

A "Friendly Office" Petition

Worcester, Mass., March 12.—Petitions have been sent here for general circulation and signature asking that congress pass a resolution of sympathy with the Boers and instructing President Roosevelt to communicate the resolution to the British government, praying for peace with the South African republics.

STRIKERS' RANKS GROW

Twenty-Two Thousand Now Out at Boston

BUSINESS IS ALL TIED UP

Building Trades and Other Lines Handicapped by Inability to Secure Material to Work With—Civil Federation Asked to Interfere

Boston, March 12.—Boston's labor army is an army of the unemployed today, with the great strike having entered upon its third day. With nearly 16,000 men idle by their own will yesterday, upwards of 4000 men joined them today and by combining forces will cause paralysis in freight traffic of all kinds, and will subject business in not only of Boston, but of New England, to financial losses almost beyond computation. The loss in wages alone will be enormous for, while organized labor acts on the initiative, a great many thousands of other allied laborers, skilled and unskilled, will be deprived of work.

The strike aimed at the R. S. Brine Transportation company, a New York corporation doing business here, has been indicted on two railroad systems because they demanded that their employees should not discriminate freight delivered by the Brine company.

The marvelous feature of the strike for two days has been the absolute absence of disorder among the thousands of strikers, and the enthusiasm with which they struck. The water front and railroad freight houses, usually a bedlam of noise, are as quiet as on a Sunday. The second day witnessed fully 6000 additional to the 10,000 on Monday.

One of the important developments of the day was the ordering out of the longshoremen at the docks of the Philadelphia and Metropolitan Steamship companies, in consequence of which steamers of those lines were compelled to depart with only partial cargoes, while their wharves are partially filled with the objectionable freight which the men refused to handle. Other docks along the waterfront are in similar condition and business there is practically tied up.

The members of the general Teamsters' union, comprising 4000 brick, sand, lime and cement teamsters, also went out yesterday afternoon, which virtually ties up the building trades by depriving them of material with which to work.

The Freight Handlers' and Freight Clerks' unions of the Boston and Maine railroad, all of which are affiliated with the Knights of Labor as well as with the Allied Freight Transportation council, were ordered out by the latter body yesterday afternoon and stopped work for a time, but finally returned and finished out the day. They questioned the right of the allied council to order them to strike.

There is great curiosity to know what action the Master Teamsters' association will take, inasmuch as they feel that they have grievances as well as the R. S. Brine company, which is not a member of their organization.

They recently settled all differences with their teamsters and since that time have been virtually aiding the latter in their fight against the Brine company. Now that their men have again left them, simply because of their sympathy with the freight handlers, the master teamsters feel that they have grounds for abrogating their new contract with their men and that they are being treated most unfairly.

The state board of arbitration was in session all day and had before it President Cox and the strike committee of the Allied Freight Transportation council, but no way of settlement could be agreed upon. The committee later in the day waited upon Mayor Collins, and the serious condition of affairs was discussed. Mayor Collins promising his best efforts to effect an understanding between the parties at issue. Mayor Collins, deeming the situation sufficiently grave to warrant his taking such action, sent a telegram to Senator Hanna, at Washington, asking that the National Civic Federation should interest itself in the matter and endeavor to effect a settlement by arbitration.

The general opinion among business men is that this is a most opportune time for the civic federation to demonstrate its efficiency in harmonizing differences between opposing parties in a labor controversy, although there are others who believe that the strike has not yet assumed proportions sufficiently national in their effects to call for interference of a national body.

Much annoyance and inconvenience was caused yesterday by the strike of the Armstrong Transfer company's drivers, who are members of Teamsters' union 25, and who quit work in a body. Passengers who had paid on trains to have their baggage transferred had their money refunded and were compelled to get their luggage across the city as best they could.

Nearly all the drivers of the New York and Boston Dispatch, Adams and American Express companies also struck, although a very few of the teams were at work.

In the various freight houses freight gradually accumulated during the day, the few private teams in service proving entirely insufficient to relieve the congestion.

The Brine Transportation company has had all its teams in operation and

has advertised for more. Wherever their teams have gone they have been wholly undisturbed. In fact, the streets have been unusually quiet, considering the large number of men who have been idle, and there has been absolutely no need of the large force of police which has at all times been within easy call.

A representative of the business interests of the city called upon President Loring of the Brine company yesterday afternoon to talk over the situation with him, but Loring declined to discuss the matter, claiming, as in the past, that the company's position has already been clearly stated.

While the team drivers and freight handlers of Lynn express themselves as being in sympathy with the Boston strikers they have not as yet ordered a strike, but only perishable goods will be handled in the city and tonight a general meeting will be held to take action during the continuation of the Boston strike.

The cutters in some of the shoe factories have been laid off, as the manufacturers are unable to secure stock. If the strike continues a great many of the factories will be unable to run. Lynn grocery firms are experiencing great difficulty in getting their supplies from Boston and many of the concerns were obliged to send their clerks here with delivery wagons for many of the necessities of life to supply their customers.

Planning to Extend Strike

Providence, March 12.—It is announced in Olneyville that the mills of the American Woolen company to which the idle weavers are endeavoring to extend the strike include the mills in Burlington, Blackstone, Mass., Fitchburg, Mass., and Fallowfield, N. Y. The strike leaders insist that unless a settlement is reached this week the weavers in those places will strike, with the prospect of trouble in four additional mill towns.

Scalers Put to Sea

St. Johns, March 12.—The scalers' strike here ended yesterday afternoon and the sealing steamers have sailed for the ice floes. The terms of the settlement are that the men shall be paid \$2.50, as against \$2.25 last year per hundred weight for seals, and that they also have free berths as against the former charge of 83 cents. Three thousand men were involved.

Armed Men For Coal Mines

Bristol, Tenn., March 12.—A party of men armed with Winchester left Bristol yesterday for the southwest Virginia coal fields, where an outbreak is feared on account of the demands of union labor agitators. Mine officials believe the presence of armed men may prevent an outbreak.

New Bedford Weavers Act

New Bedford, Mass., March 12.—At a general meeting of the Weavers' union last night, it was voted to ask the manufacturers for an advance in wages. If a reply is not forthcoming in a week mass meetings will be called to take action.

Used Potato Knife on Husband

New York, March 12.—Lizzie Madans, living in a tenement house, had a quarrel with her husband last night, during which she killed him with a potato knife. There are five children in the family. She says she was so angry at her husband that she did not know what she did.

Rubbish City Treasury

Buffalo, March 12.—Henry J. Baker, the defaulting cashier of the city treasurer's office, pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the first degree yesterday. March 21 was fixed as the day for sentencing him. Baker was charged in the indictment with having stolen \$5200.

How Canadians "Get Square"

Toronto, March 12.—The city council has adopted a resolution declaring that hereafter no more tenders for civic work will be accepted from American contractors. The reason given for the action is that Canadians are barred in American cities.

The Cropley Murder Case

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 12.—The grand jury of Pasquotank county found a true bill yesterday against James Wilcox, charged with having wilfully killed Nellie Cropley on Nov. 20, 1901. Wilcox entered a plea of not guilty.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Judge Pierce, in superior court at Worcester, Mass., named Edwin Brown receiver of the Flexible Door and Shutter company of Worcester, incorporated under the laws of Maine and capitalized at \$500,000. The action is one of protection to stockholders. It is said the business has outgrown its paid capital.

Fred H. Welch of Winchester, Mass., an employee of the Boston and Maine railroad, was killed at Rotterdam Junction, N. Y. He was caught between the bumpers while coupling cars.

To commemorate the war services of the American liner St. Paul a bronze tablet was unveiled on board that vessel at New York.

The condition of Joshua Willard, United States consul at Dublin, who is ill at the residence of his sister in Rutherford, N. J., is reported to be such as to preclude all hope of his recovery.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., is not recovering as rapidly as was expected, and Dr. Rixey has called in other physicians for consultation. At the White House it is said that the boy's condition is not serious.

Harris Taylor of Mobile, Ala., lately United States minister to Spain, has been appointed special consul for the government to aid in the defense of claims before the Spanish treaty claims commission.

BANK ACCOUNTS SHORT

Teller in Portland Institution a Confessed Defaulter

MADE AWAY WITH \$43,000

Said to Have Been Connected With Business Ventures Which Have Proved Unsuccessful—Considered a Substantial Citizen of Old Orchard

Portland, Me., March 12.—Granville W. Leighton, teller of the National Traders' bank of this city, is under arrest, a self-confessed defaulter to the extent of \$43,000. The bank officials make no statement further than that Leighton has made over to the institution all his real estate and other property and that this, together with his bond, will make good the loss sustained by the bank.

The detection of the defalcation was brought about by the discovery of an apparent error in Leighton's books yesterday afternoon. When pressed for an explanation, the teller broke down and made a complete confession, stating that his pecuniary extended lack over a period of several months would reach a total of \$43,000. He was immediately arrested by United States Marshal Saunders.

It is said that Leighton's trouble is due to unsuccessful business ventures. He has been connected with a number of enterprises and several of them, it is said, have proved very expensive to the promoters. Just how long he has drawn upon the funds of the bank to meet his losses is not known.

The National Traders' bank is capitalized at \$250,000, and has undivided profits of \$100,000. The president of the institution is William G. Davis, and the cashier is John M. Gould.

Leighton is about 35 years old, married and has three children. At Old Orchard, where he makes his home, he was considered one of the substantial citizens of the town and has held many public offices. Several years ago he was prime mover in a local reform movement conducted by the so-called Citizens' Good-Government party, and at that time he was elected chairman of the board of selectmen. His family is socially prominent.

A Point For Reciprocity

Washington, March 12.—The fourth conference of the house Republicans on the reciprocity question was fruitless, like those that preceded it, for the conference adjourned at midnight until next Tuesday. The victory was with the advocates of reciprocity, because the motion to adjourn was carried by a vote of 72 to 51 after the motion to amend the motion to make it a sine die adjournment had been voted down, 61 to 79.

Acquitted on Fine Point

Omaha, March 12.—In the case of John E. Meserve, ex-state treasurer, charged with the embezzlement of state funds, the point of law was made by Meserve that the interest received on deposits of state money in a south Omaha bank was not the property of the state. On this point Judge Baxter made a ruling in favor of the defendant and ordered a verdict of acquittal.

Lady Sykes Had a Jag

London, March 12.—Lady Christina Sykes, whose domestic difficulties have caused notoriety, was arrested on the Strand Monday night on the charge of being drunk and incapable of taking care of herself. She was arraigned in court yesterday, but her lordship laughingly pleaded illness, and the magistrate released her with a warning not to come before him again.

Didn't Have Big Dinner

London, March 12.—King Edward did not celebrate the anniversary of his wedding Monday by a dinner at Marlborough house, nor were members of the British and Danish royal families there, as reported in the United States. The usual dinner was not given and, beyond the firing of salutes, there was no celebration of the wedding day.

Contributions Piling In

Philadelphia, March 12.—Messrs. Rodmond and LeVine, Irish members of the British parliament who are in this country in the interest of the Irish cause, were given a reception here last night by the Irish-American citizens of this city and several thousands of dollars were contributed toward the fund the Irish representatives are raising in this country.

Colored Women Drowned Whites

Frankfort, Ky., March 12.—The general assembly has adopted and sent to the governor for approval a bill taking from the women of Kentucky the right to vote in school trustee elections. In Lexington, at the last general election, the negro women controlled the election.

Willing to Part With Islands

Copenhagen, March 12.—The folketing, in committee of the whole and in executive session yesterday, voted, by a large majority, in favor of the ratification of the treaty providing for the sale of the Danish West Indian islands to the United States.

Proclamation Delayed

London, March 12.—At the cabinet meeting yesterday, it was decided that the time had not yet arrived for enforcing the drastic clauses of the emigration act. For the present, therefore, there will be no proclamation of the United Irish league.

"BALD AND BOLD"

Mallory Thinks Ship Subsidy Bill is in Favor of Private Individuals

Washington, March 12.—The senate had the ship subsidy bill under consideration for several hours yesterday. Mr. Mallory made an extended speech in opposition to the measure. After analyzing the provisions of the measure Mr. Mallory exclaimed: "Congress never in its history passed a measure of this character. It has passed many laws to advance private gain under the pretense of public policy, but never one so absolutely bald and bold in its advancement of private purposes as this measure."

Prior to consideration of the bill, a lively debate followed an effort on the part of Mr. Berry to ascertain when the committee on privileges and elections might be expected to report to the senate a resolution providing for the election of senators by direct vote of the people. Mr. Hoar indicated his vigorous opposition to such a resolution, on the ground that it would subvert the fundamental principle upon which the senate was founded.

The house entered the consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill, but, as usual during general debate on an appropriation bill, the members who spoke devoted themselves to everything except the bill before the house.

Ended Troubles With Bullet

New York, March 12.—Francis Skinner, "banker and broker," committed suicide by shooting some time between Monday evening and yesterday noon at his private office on New street. He was about 35 years old. Among his effects was found photographs of two children, a pawn ticket for a silver watch, a bank pass book showing a balance of \$725, a lock of hair and 11 cents in cash. An acquaintance of the suicide said that Skinner's two children were with relatives somewhere in Maine. The suicide was probably due to business reverses and family trouble.

Used Knife and Pistol

Camden, N. J., March 12.—Because he was unable to obtain possession of his child yesterday, Lafayette Gruff cut the throat of his wife, killing her instantly. He then shot at his 7-month-old child, but the bullet lodged in the head of Mrs. Susan Gowie, Mrs. Gruff's aunt. Mrs. Gowie is in a critical condition. Gruff was arrested. Mrs. Gruff left her husband because of his alleged ill-treatment and sought shelter in the home of Mrs. Gowie.

Ask For Civilized Warfare

Washington, March 12.—Messrs. Wessells and Wolmarans, the Boer delegates in this country, had a talk with President Roosevelt yesterday. In the course of their interview they said that they neither asked for, desired, nor expected intervention on the part of this country nor any other country. What they do want, however, and what they laid before the American government, is a request that civilized warfare be insured in South Africa.

Bicyclist Caldwell Hurt

Atlanta, Ga., March 12.—Frank Caldwell of Hartford won two straight five-mile heats of a motor-paced race at the Coliseum here last night. The first heat was made in 8 minutes, 16.35 seconds. After four miles and one lap of the second heat had been ridden Caldwell, who was leading by two laps and a half, collided with his pace-maker and was painfully injured. Under the rules governing the contest, the race was given to him.

Kitchener to Lead Mounted Force

London, March 12.—The Daily Chronicle understands that Lord Kitchener will be relieved of much administrative work in South Africa to enable him to take the field in person and head a large mounted force in an endeavor to capture Dewet. The Chronicle is also informed that when he is released General Methuen will not assume any further military command in South Africa.

Don't Want to Come Back

Quebec, March 12.—Colonel John F. Gagner and Captain B. D. Green, who are charged with complicity in the Savannah frauds, are at the Chateau Frontenac in this city. They do not appear to be in the least worried as to the outcome of their cases. Both have secured the services of distinguished counsel to fight against extradition proceedings in this province.

To Search For Missing Steamer

Halifax, March 12.—The department of marine and fisheries here received instructions last night to send at once the government steamer Lansdowne to Sable island in search of the missing Allan line steamer Huronian. The steamer has not been reported since leaving Glasgow on Feb. 11 and there is an impression that she might have struck on Sable island.

Keith to Invest at Pittsburg

Pittsburg, March 12.—B. F. Keith, the vaudeville manager, arrived in Pittsburg last night and announced that he would not leave here until he had selected a site and perfected the plans for his vaudeville house in this city. The announcement is made that the theatre will cost \$1,000,000 or more.

Chief Gunners

A chief gunner, with a salary of \$1200 a year, is the best paid non-commissioned officer in the navy.

Chinese Coolies

Chinese coolies were first brought into the United States in large numbers as laborers on the Central Pacific railroads. After its completion their ranks were out of employment and so many of them, because in California towns as there were so few women to do such work.

PRINCE HENRY DEPARTS

Sails on the Deutschland For the Fatherland

LUNCHEON ON THE STEAMER

Preceded the Formal Farewells—Expresses Thanks to Nation For Consideration and Good Feeling Shown Toward Him—President Responds

New York, March 12.—Prince Henry of Prussia sailed for Germany on board the Deutschland at 3:45 p. m. yesterday and thus ended his first visit to the United States. The day was perfect, being warm, spring-like and sunny. The prince's last day in America was spent entirely on board the Deutschland. He breakfasted at 8:30 and immediately retired to his cabin, where he spent several hours in writing letters. About 10 o'clock he began to receive farewell visits from members of the party who accompanied him and various officials of Germany in this country and the United States government. Mayor Low of New York was one of his latest callers. In bidding him farewell, the prince said: "I thank the citizens of New York for all their kindness to me, which I appreciate deeply. If I should return to America I should feel when I reached New York that I was once more at home."

The first function of the day was the luncheon which Prince Henry gave to members of the party which accompanied him on his tour. Covers were laid for 20 persons on one of the tables of the dining room of the steamship. At the close of the luncheon, when it came time to say good-bye, the prince, taking the rose from the table, said: "This is the badge which I have been admiring during my entire trip to the United States—American beauty." Then he placed the flower in his button-hole and each guest, taking a rose from the table, did likewise.

Immediately after the luncheon, at the prince's invitation, the party went to the commander's bridge of the Deutschland and was photographed there. Then the real leave-taking began and the American members of the party began to go ashore.

The Deutschland's sailing time was 3:30 p. m., but it was 3:45 when Captain Albers gave the signal to start. The crowd gave a big cheer and the prince appeared on the bridge and bowed. The Deutschland backed out into the North river amid the tooting of vessels and all kinds of craft. As she passed down the river she received the same noisy ovation. She passed the battery at 4 o'clock and the great crowd which had gathered there cheered as the vessel steamed on down the bay. The Deutschland reached the Narrows at 4:55 and Ports Wadsworth and Hamilton read a salute, which was answered by numerous blasts from the Deutschland's whistle. The garbison at Fort Wadsworth lined up on the bluff until the steamer had passed out onto the Atlantic ocean. The shores and hills were black with people who had gathered for a last look at the departing liner which bore the sailor prince of Germany back to the fatherland. The Deutschland is scheduled to arrive at Hamburg next Monday morning.

The imperial yacht Hohenzollern started on her homeward trip at 2:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A crowd witnessed the departure of the ship and a cheer from the people was answered with a salute by whistle from the Hohenzollern. For an hour before the time for sailing the crew and officers of the Hohenzollern held a levee, bidding farewell to friends. Not long after the yacht had left the pier the special police station which had been established to guard the prince's arrival was formally abolished. The Hohenzollern is under orders to proceed to Bermuda, where she will make her first stop.

Prince Henry yesterday sent the following message to President Roosevelt: "On this day of my departure, I beg to thank you personally, as well as the nation whose guest I have been, for all the kindness, consideration and good feeling I have met with during my visit to your interesting country. I hope that my visit may have increased the feelings of friendship between the country I represent and the United States. Bidding you farewell, let me wish you every possible success, and, pray, remember me to Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Roosevelt, who so charmingly and with so much pluck accomplished her task when launching his majesty's yacht Meteor. Once more, most hearty thanks. May we meet again."

In response President Roosevelt sent the following to Prince Henry: "Not only have I enjoyed your visit personally, but on behalf of my countrymen I wish to express to you the pleasure it has been to see you and the real good I think your visit has done in promoting a feeling of friendship between Germany and the United States. It is my most earnest wish that this feeling may strengthen steadily. Mrs. Roosevelt sends her warm regards, and so would Miss Roosevelt if she were not absent. Pray present my heartiest greeting to his majesty, the German emperor. Again, I thank you for your visit and wish you all good luck wherever you may be."

Victim of Infuriated Bull

Newton, Mass., March 12.—David Betts, a farm hand on the Wauwinnet farm, was fatally gored by a bull last night. He was at work when attacked and finally was rescued by other workmen. Betts was terribly wounded and died in a short time.

FUNSTON DEFENDS ARMY

Aguinaldo's Capturer Discusses Its Philippine Policy.

CHARGES OF CRUELTY DENIED.

He Declares Every Insurgent Leader Is a Murderer and That Filipinos Are Unfit for Self Government.

General Frederick Funston was the guest of honor at a dinner given the other night at the Lotus club, in New York.

General Funston was seldom interrupted by applause, the company being too deeply interested in his address on the Philippine insurrection. He said: "There are a few facts which should be laid before you. When Manila surrendered to Admiral Dewey and General Merritt, there were many Spanish families, men and officers, with their wives and children, there. It would have been the blackest page in American history if we had surrendered them to the insurgents, a blot that we could not have wiped out in a thousand years of good conduct among the nations of the earth. The whole civilized world would have regarded it as such. I don't suppose that Aguinaldo and his officers would have countenanced it, but there would have been a slaughter without parallel. One has but to know the pitiful story of 1899 and the butchery of Spanish troops to realize this.

"Joint administration of the city between the Americans and the insurgents was not possible. The demagogue Aguinaldo ordered trenches dug about our lines from 50 to 250 yards, and he filled them with an army of over 20,000 men. The insurgents insulted and provoked our men. The extreme discipline enforced by General Otis kept the armies from conflict. There was the greatest patience, and finally a sergeant on sentry duty, with two other men, met some insurgent officers and men, who insisted on crossing a bridge. He challenged them three times, and then at one shot he killed with his Krag one insurgent lieutenant and one insurgent private. The Nebraska soldier knew how to shoot, and within a minute or two the rifle pits of the insurgents were blazing against their liberators, and the war had begun.

"If that sergeant had not fired that good shot, he would have been liable to discharge, dishonorable discharge from the army. He would have suffered the same if he had not killed his own captain if that officer had refused three times to answer the challenge.

"At the time of the outbreak of the war in the Philippines the Twentieth Kansas had seventy-five men outside the lines on patrol duty. I was in Manila sitting on a porch with Major Metcalf. I had fallen asleep, and he woke me, saying that the dance had commenced. He was right. There was the rattle of the Mauser coming from intrenched insurgents, and the trouble had begun.

"We hear of the abuses and extravagances of behavior of our soldiers in the Philippines. I want to testify that out of our regiments 85 per cent are brave, humane and a credit to their country. The other 5 per cent who are writing to the newspapers, telling of alleged abuses, have served more time inside the guardhouse than they have in the field.

"But I would like to say a word about those who died in the island for their country. There was Captain Godfrey of New York, beloved even by the natives, a humane and just man without malice in his heart. He died in an ambush and, dying without hatred in his heart, heard the curses of his men and saw the tears in their eyes. There was Sergeant O'Brien, who had been in the service of the flag for twenty-five years. He was ill in the hospital when he learned that his company must go to the front, and he told the doctors to go to hell, a different place from the one I believe he went to. He was shot through the heart.

"We who have seen those who loved killed know that their deaths were due to what has happened in the United States since January, 1900, and we know that the deaths of the enemy were due to agitation in the United States, because they had been misguided into the belief that there were many in the United States who wanted to see them free.

"Can you say that these Filipinos who died for a dictator can be compared with the men who fought for and made the United States?

"Aguinaldo's ablest aid, Antonio Luna, a good officer on account of his personal courage, was ordered by Aguinaldo to be assassinated. He was shot down in cold blood. I talked with Aguinaldo myself about this, and he told me that he had the man killed because if he had not done so he would have been assassinated himself. Would George Washington myself about this, and he told me that he had the man killed because if he had not done so he would have been assassinated himself. Would George Washington myself about this, and he told me that he had the man killed because if he had not done so he would have been assassinated himself.

"There was a little boy in Manila who came to my house once in awhile. He wanted to learn English and had obtained a grammar. In so far as I could I helped him, and then one night he was taken by a savage and whipped to death. It took three hours to kill him. Could Israel Putnam have done that? I am glad to say that the next day we caught Tagmata, the murderer, and I hope he is with the angels.

"The United States has been the most lenient government on earth. There is not a single instance in which the insurgent chiefs could not have been convicted of murder by any civilized government. Among them is Aguinaldo, the murderer of Luna. We have been

sparing of the ignorant, and most of the hanging has been of those 'higher up,' who have been caught red handed. "I don't want to be brutal, but to be fair, and I must recount this: Two soldiers in the Twenty-fourth Infantry, a colored regiment, deserted. They were recaptured and executed. They were ignorant. There are men in the United States who have done more harm by pen and voice than these two negro deserters. They are those who are keeping some guerrillas in the field when the war is over. I say I don't want to be brutal, but I would rather see them hang than the humblest soldier in the United States army.

"Let us keep still until the war is over and then fight it out among ourselves as to what we are to do with them. They are not fit for self government, let alone absolute independence. There can be no comparison between them and the Cubans as to their capability of self government, and I don't like awake nights worrying over the future of the Cubans.

"The Filipinos never had a Garcia, and they never had a Macao and the others who fought for liberty against Spain. They are not competent to keep a stable government for six months if they should be granted independence. There would be a half dozen wars in six months after they had been left to themselves, and we are responsible, for the whole world so regards us."

"We, the undersigned, pupils of room No. 7 of the High Grammar school, do hereby petition you, Miss Minnie Cannady, our dear teacher, not to resign, as is your present intention, so as to enter the state of matrimony, but to defer this matter for a year."

The engagement of Miss Cannady to Oscar Laederach of Long Pine, Neb., was announced several weeks ago, and March 18 was set as the date of the wedding. Miss Cannady is popular with her pupils, and the news of her approaching marriage caused consternation among them. They went to her singly and in bodies, begging her not to leave them. She would not make promises to reconsider the marriage question. Then the girls in her class, ranging in age from ten to fourteen years, circulated a petition, and every pupil of the forty-five but one signed it. One boy of surpassing wisdom when asked to sign replied, "I like Miss Cannady as well as any of you, and I don't want her to leave us, but when a woman makes up her mind to get married there's no use trying to stop her."

Miss Cannady has not yet given an answer, but there are rumors that the wisdom of the boy is to prove true.

THE CHINESE LANGUAGE.

Professor Herbert A. Giles Explains Some of Its Peculiarities. Professor Herbert Allen Giles of Cambridge university recently delivered the first of a course of six lectures which he is to give in Havemeyer hall at Columbia university, in New York, under the new Dean Lung foundation. President Nicholas Murray Butler introduced the speaker, whose particular topic was "The Chinese Language."

After explaining that the spoken and written languages of China were entirely distinct Professor Giles stated that the former was more easily to be acquired than French or German, but that a proper knowledge of the latter demanded a lifetime of study. In pointing out how root ideas are adapted by the Chinese to surrounding circumstances the lecturer said: "To express the words 'flattery' and 'treacherous' the Chinese use the character meaning 'woman' in connection with other characters. 'Friendship' is expressed by two hands, 'brightness' by the sun and moon in conjunction, 'goodness' by a woman and a child, and so on. Originally pictures, the characters have now become words."

Cost of a King. Edward VII's coronation will cost the equivalent of \$20,000,000, but it will nearly all come from the pockets of the wealthy or upper class and will be distributed chiefly among tradesmen and artisans. Useless as such pageantrics are, it is another instance, says the Philadelphia Times, of "an ill wind that blows nobody any good."

The Awakening of Spring. With kisses straight from heaven the soft winds bring The first sweet odorous breath of wakening spring. And all around the gladsome soft whisp'ers go To tell the waiting buds beneath the snow: "The spring is here, the jocund, joyous spring! Awake and hear the bluebirds' carol ring."

Aye, spring is here; she comes with smiling eyes And soft, white fleecy clouds in sapphire skies. A subtle thrill runs through the cold gray earth. A thrill of love which promises new birth. The roots revive, the mosses creep and grow; Through gnarled old trunks new life begins to flow.

With glances warmer grown she melts the rills And breaks the icy fetters of the hills. Where yesterday the drifted snow did lie The sweet arbutus opens her starry eye. Repentance turns up from sodden mold And dandelions flaunt their stores of gold.

Tip-toeing o'er the mountain tops, she weaves A robe of silvery green with tender leaves And throws it gently o'er the hills and dales. The naked forest and the barren vales, embroidering it with blossoms everywhere. And seeming fold on fold with perfume rare.

NEW SET OF STAMPS.

Series Will Be Attractive and Distinctive in Design.

GENERAL HARRISON HONORED.

Late President's Face to Appear on a Thirteen Cent Stamp—Present Series Has Been in Use Twelve Years—McKinley's Portrait on Post-Card.

The bureau of engraving and printing has received instructions from the postoffice department to prepare designs for an entire new series of postage stamps, says the Washington Star. The question of a new series of stamps was discussed in the fall following the death of President McKinley, and at that time the impression prevailed that when the new set was ordered the portrait of President McKinley would surely adorn one of the denominations. Undoubtedly that was the plan at that time, but the department concluded to place the portrait of the late president upon a new postal card of unique design, and this removed him in a sense from the list of eligible faces.

However, a new face will appear upon one of the stamps, that of the late President Harrison. In order that there might be a place for his portrait, at the same time giving the public the best service, a new denomination was created, a thirteen cent stamp. There will be practically no demand for a stamp of this value for domestic use, but for foreign use there is a place for this denomination. Thirteen cents represents the cost of sending a registered letter weighing not more than one-half ounce to any country within the postal union. Heretofore it has been necessary to use a five and an eight cent stamp. Mrs. Benjamin Harrison has furnished the department a photograph of General Harrison which meets her approval for the purpose proposed.

Aside from the introduction of General Harrison's face into the postal gallery of notables only one other change will be made in the personnel of the series. Commodore Perry, whose face has adorned the ninety cent value from 1870 down to 1894 and the dollar from 1894 to the present date, will be superseded upon the dollar denomination by another famous sea fighter, Admiral Farragut. Commodore Perry disappears permanently.

As at present constituted the full set is as follows: One cent, green, face of Franklin; two cent, carmine, face of Washington; three cent, purple, face of Jackson; four cent, dark brown, face of Lincoln; five cent, chocolate, face of Grant; six cent, red brown, face of Garfield; eight cent, mauve, face of Sherman; ten cent, face of Webster; fifteen cent, dark blue, face of Clay; fifty cent, orange, face of Jefferson; one dollar, black, face of Perry; two dollar, sap-green, face of Madison; five dollar, dark green, face of Marshall.

The present series of postage stamps has been in continuous use for just twelve years, which is much longer than the life of the ordinary series. There have been some changes since 1890, such as substitution of the fifty cent for the thirty cent, the dollar for the ninety cent, addition of the two dollar and five dollar values and some slight changes of interest to stamp collectors, but the size, designs and colors of most of the stamps are the same as in 1890.

The postoffice department has requested the bureau to take special pains to make the series particularly attractive and distinctive. It is suggested that the Pan-American stamps were extremely satisfactory from an artistic standpoint, and the hope is expressed that the new set may be equal to as fine specimens of American handiwork.

It is proposed that everything in connection with the series shall be new. New designs for borders will be drawn, new shades of color employed, and the new stamps may be of different size and shape. The postoffice department has requested the bureau to secure, if possible, new portraits and better ones if obtainable.

It is proposed that above the face the words "Series 1902" shall appear in small type, and below the name of the subject, with the date of birth and death. The ten cent special delivery stamps will be slightly changed in design, and the color will be orange instead of blue.

It is interesting to note that since 1861 but two presidents have not been honored by placing their portraits upon a postage stamp, Johnson and Arthur Cleveland, still living, not being eligible.

It is not unlikely that when another new design for a postal card shall be adopted, and these designs change often, that President McKinley will take a place upon a postage stamp, possibly superseding Sherman on the eight or Webster on the ten cent.

Illuminated Club.

Very different from the ordinary Indian club is one which has just been invented, says the New York Herald. Its body is hollow and perforated, and its handle is detachable and has one end threaded so that it can be firmly fastened to the body. Furthermore, attached to the threaded end of the handle is an electric lamp, and from it wires run up into the handle. Apparently all the wires enter at one opening, and the handle is hollow as the body. The motions of the exercise are made quite spectacular by this device.

Device For Traveling Underground. A revolving platform such as that used at the World's fair in Chicago, but having four instead of two speeds, the fastest being thirteen miles an hour, is proposed as an underground method of conveyance in Paris.

NOTED WIZARD INSURED.

Large Policies Taken Out on Marconi's Life.

SCHEME OF INVENTOR'S PARTNERS.

Risks Aggregating \$750,000 Written in England—Basis of the Insurable Interest—No American Companies Interested—Some Cautious Forms of Insurance.

Information has reached New York that policies aggregating \$750,000 have been taken out on the life of Marconi by the Wireless Telegraph company of Great Britain. This is one of the most interesting cases ever reported where persons not directly related to the insured have sought protection against loss through the death of a great inventor, says the New York Post. The risk has been reinsured among a half dozen English companies, although a single policy was written covering the entire amount. The beneficiaries applied for insurance on the ground that the death of Marconi would jeopardize their interests and interfere seriously with the carrying out of their project.

While no American life company was concerned in the venture, there can be little doubt that such insurance would have been issued in New York city had the risks been applied for there. Although American companies avoid such risks as a rule, adhering strictly to the contract which affords protection to the relatives of the insured person, yet in cases where the insurable interests are in peril and properly provided for policies are issued without question. The insurance taken out on the life of Marconi is similar to the policies now outstanding at Lloyds, London, against the death of J. Pierpont Morgan of New York. In the case of Mr. Morgan insurance was asked for by persons who had never seen him and were not in any way related to him, but the protection was granted on the ground that a proper insurable interest existed in the applicants' connection with great enterprises with whose management Mr. Morgan was identified. So far as is known Mr. Morgan is the only American whose life has been thus insured at Lloyds.

Hundreds of policies have been taken out on the life of King Edward by persons whose business would be ruined in case of his death. Many such risks have been written for the coronation year, the total amount now in force aggregating several million pounds sterling. These risks, however, are far removed from the old fashioned life contract, and many policies written at Lloyds have little if any regard for insurable interest, being based on gambling propositions alone. At Lloyds, London, every conceivable form of insurance is written, covering risks varying from protection against increases in the rate of income taxation to smallpox indemnity and what is known as "freak" insurance. Scarcely any risk, however hazardous, is refused if a tempting premium is offered.

WORLD'S CHIEF SPANKER.

Professor Little Chastised Forty-nine Pupils in Thirty-seven Minutes.

Professor F. A. Little now holds the spanking championship of the world by chastising forty-nine of his pupils in thirty-seven minutes. Manchester, near Waterbury, Conn., was the scene of this record breaking achievement, and there are precious few children there now who are not convinced that minding one's books is as good in practice as in theory, says the New York World. It came about through a minstrel parade striking town. It was recess. In a body all hands voted to quit and follow the burnt cork artists. When the bell rang for school, only a straggling few were in evidence.

Principal Little waited patiently till the last scholar, a girl, returned. Then there was an interesting executive session in the cellar, in which a single length of garden hose and forty-nine children played the leading parts. Then the sobbing forty-nine, just thirty-seven minutes later, were marched back to their books. The parents of the spanked pupils are up in arms, and the school board has been appealed to Little awaits their coming with calmness.

Professor Little is elderly and imposing in appearance. He likes to keep in touch with the market, sings impressively in the choir of the Congregational church and is a great "rooter" for the Hartford Baseball club. There are eight schools in the Manchester district, and Professor Little is principal of them all. In the other seven schools now not even the passing of Barnum's circus would cause an eye to lift itself from a book.

Cloth Woven For Edward's Robe. The cloth of gold of which King Edward's coronation robe is to be made and which is now being woven will be embroidered at the Royal School of Art Needlework, in which the Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein has always taken a deep interest, says the New York Tribune. The material is naturally of the finest make and will be of a texture that will not only lend itself to graceful folds, but will bear the weight of the ornamentation to be worked upon it.

What England Has to Pay. Even if the Boer were to end to day, before the affair could be cleared up and matters placed in order the cost to England would be over \$1,000,000,000, and yet, says the Pittsburgh Times, the Boers have stood up against all of this expenditure with practically no resources.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will positively cure deep-seated COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP. A 25c. Bottle for a Simple Cold. A 50c. Bottle for a Heavy Cold. A \$1.00 Bottle for a Deep-seated Cough. Sold by all Druggists.

MUSIC HALL.

F. W. Hartford Manager.

Wednesday Evening, March 12.

A FAMOUS PLAY

and its record:

227 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK, 125 NIGHTS IN CHICAGO, 100 NIGHTS IN BOSTON.

THE PICTURESQUE NEW ENGLAND PLAY.

THE VILLAGE POSTMASTER

Management, Mr. J. Wesley Rosenquest. Also manager 15th St. Theatre, New York.

"Another 'Old Homestead.'"—N. Y. World. "It outclasses all the other country plays put together."—Chicago Inter-City, May 20, 1901. "A play that will live years after all the plays with suggestive heads have gone into oblivion."—Chicago Tribune, June 20, 1901. "No play of this kind has met with such positive success."—Boston Herald. "New York has never seen a better drama of rural life."—New York Herald.

All Special Science Carried For This Production.

Prices—35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office Monday morning, March 10th.

Saturday Afternoon and Evening, March 15th.

AIDEN BENEDICT'S

New Scenic Production,

MARIE CORELLI'S

Thelma

AS DRAMATIZED BY

CHAS. W. CHASE.

Excellent Cast of Characters!

Beautiful Stage Settings!

Special Scenery for Every Act!

Magnificent Electric Effects!

PRICES

Afternoon - 15c and 25c

Evening - 25c, 50c and 75c

Seats on sale at Music Hall Box Office, Thursday morning, March 15th.

Wednesday Evening, March 19.

JACOB A. RIIS,

AUTHOR OF

"HOW THE OTHER HALF LIVES,"

"THE CHILDREN OF THE POOR,"

"OUT OF MULBERRY STREET,"

"A TEN YEARS' WAR," Etc.

WILL LECTURE UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

Graffort Club.

SUBJECTS

The Battle With The Slum

With photographs taken by Mr. Riis in the tenements of New York City by day and night, in his capacity as police reporter for the Metropolitan newspapers.

Tony's Hardships

The story of the Street Arab who "kisses stones," and the endless of his efforts to tame him.

Tickets on sale Monday morning.

Portsmouth Electric Railway

Time Table in Effect Daily, Commencing September 20, 1901.

Main Line.

Leave Market Square for Rye Beach and Little Boar's Head, connecting for Exeter and Newburyport, at *7:05 a. m., 8:05 and hourly until 8:05 p. m. For Cable Road only at *5:30 a. m., *6:55 a. m. and *10:05 p. m. For Little Boar's Head only at 8:05 and 9:05 p. m. 1:05, 5:05, 7:05, 8:05 and 9:05 p. m. cars make close connection for North Hampton. Returning—Leave Junction with E. H. & A. St. Ry. at *8:03 a. m., 9:05 and hourly until 9:05 p. m. Leave Cable Road at *6:10 a. m., *7:30 a. m. and *10:35 p. m. Leave Little Boar's Head at 9:10 and 10:10 p. m.

Plains Loop.

Up Middle Street—Leave Market Square at *6:35 a. m., *7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m. and at *10:35 and *11:05. Up Islington Street—Leave Market Square at *6:35 a. m., *7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m. and at *10:35 and *11:05. Last car each night runs to car barn only. Running time to Plains, 11 minutes.

Christian Shore Line.

Leave Market Square for B. & M. Station and Christian Shore at *6:25 a. m., *7:05, 7:35 and half-hourly until 10:05 p. m., and at *10:35 and *11:05. Returning—Leave Corner Bartlett and Morning Streets at *6:10 a. m., *6:50, 7:20 and half-hourly until 9:50 p. m., and at *10:20 and *10:50.

*Omitted Sundays. *Saturdays only.

W. T. Perkins, Supt. D. J. Flanders, G. P. & T. A.

CHECKLIST NOTICE.

The Board of Registrars of Voters of the City of Portsmouth hereby notice that they will be in session at the Common Council chamber in City Hall in said city on the following dates, viz.: January 31st, February 4th, 11th, 11th, 18th, 21st, 25th, 25th, and March 4th, 1902, at the following hours: from 9 a. m. to 12 m.; from 2 p. m. to 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of taking up and correcting the Checklists of the several wards in said city to be used at the city election to be held March 11th, 1902.

The said board will also be in session at the same place on election day, March 11th, 1902, from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 1 to 4 p. m., for the purpose of granting certificates to those registered voters whose names are omitted on the lists.

Voters must bear in mind that it is their personal duty to see that their names are on the lists, by presenting themselves at some meeting of this board.

LORENZO T. BURNHAM, Chairman. HERBERT B. DOW, Clerk.

Granite State Fire Insurance Company of Portsmouth, N. H.

Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000

OFFICERS.

FRANK JONES, President. JOHN W. SANBORN, Vice President. ALFRED F. HOWARD, Secretary. JOHN W. EMERY, Asst. Secretary. JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, Treasurer. FRANK JONES, JOHN W. SANBORN, JUSTIN V. HANSCOM, ALBERT WALLACE, and E. H. WINCHESTER, Executive Committee.

J. A. & A. W. WALKER

SOLE AGENTS FOR

OLD COMPANY LEHIGH COALS

ALSO

Reading and Wilkesbarre Coals.

Best Preparation Obtainable

In This City.

187 MARKET ST.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

EASTERN DIVISION. Winter Arrangement. (In Effect October 14, 1901.)

Leave Portsmouth

For Boston—3:50, 7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m., 2:21, 5:00, 7:28, p. m. Sunday, 3:50, 8:00, a. m., 2:21, 5:00, p. m.

For Portland—9:55, 10:45, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, 8:50, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45, a. m., 8:55, p. m.

For Wells Beach—9:55, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m.

For Old Orchard and Portland—9:55, a. m., 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m.

For North Conway—9:55, a. m., 2:45, p. m.

For Somersworth—4:50, 9:45, 9:55, a. m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m.

For Rochester—9:45, 9:55, a. m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m.

For Dover—4:50, 9:45, a. m., 12:15, 2:40, 5:22, 8:52, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:48, a. m., 8:57, p. m.

For North Hampton and Hampton—7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m., 5:00, p. m. Sunday, 8:00, a. m., 5:00, p. m.

Trains for Portsmouth

Leave Boston—7:30, 9:00, 10:10, a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 4:45, 7:00, 7:45, p. m. Sunday, 4:30, 8:20, 9:00, a. m., 6:40, 7:00, p. m.

Leave Portland—2:00, 9:00, a. m., 12:45, 6:00, p. m. Sunday, 2:00, a. m., 12:45, p. m.

Leave North Conway—7:25, a. m., 4:15, p. m.

Leave Rochester—7:19, 9:47, a. m., 3:50, 6:25, p. m. Sunday, 7:00, a. m.

Leave Somersworth—6:35, 7:32, 10:00, a. m., 4:05, 6:39, p. m.

Leave Dover—6:50, 10:24, a. m., 1:40, 4:30, 6:30, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 7:30, a. m., 9:25, p. m.

Leave Hampton—9:22, 11:50, a. m., 2:13, 4:59, 6:16, p. m. Sunday, 6:26, 10:06, a. m., 8:09, p. m.

Leave North Hampton—9:28, 11:55, a. m., 2:19, 5:05, 6:21, p. m. Sunday, 6:30, 10:12, a. m., 8:15, p. m.

Leave Greenland—9:35, a. m., 12:01, 2:25, 5:11, 6:27, p. m. Sunday, 8:35, 10:18, a. m., 8:20, p. m.

SOUTHERN DIVISION

Portsmouth Branch.

Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations:

Portsmouth—8:30, a. m., 12:45, 5:25, p. m.

Greenland Village—8:39, a. m., 12:54, 5:33, p. m.

Rockingham Junction—9:0

THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)
ESTABLISHED SEPTEMBER 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted.
Terms \$1.00 per week, paid in advance.
Six months, \$5.00; one year, \$10.00.
Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

Communications should be addressed
HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Telephone 21-3.

F. W. HARTFORD,
B. M. TILTON,
Editors and Proprietors.

(Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H. Post Office
as second class mail matter.)

For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests

You want local news? Read the Herald.
More local news than all other local dailies
combined. Try it.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1902.

The triumph of the republicans of this city on Tuesday should be credited to the whole party, not to any one man. Unity and determination did it. It was a clean victory. Questionable methods had no place with the republicans at the polls. Indeed, there was not the slightest need of them. Had they been suggested, for the democrats were hopelessly defeated from the moment when the first ballots were cast in the early morning. Now that it is over, men of all parties must acknowledge that officials have been chosen who will manage the city's business faithfully and well. From mayor down through the last ward by ward, the selections are a guarantee that the welfare of Portsmouth is in conscientious custody. It is safe to prophesy that John Fender's fulfillment of the obligations devolving upon his office will more than justify the handsome majority which has lifted him into city hall. The citizens extend the same confidence to the aldermen and councilmen-elect. To a man, they seem fitted to invest the proceedings in their respective chambers with the dignity, deliberation and devotion expected of them by the voters who have put them there.

THE OBSTINATE BOER.

The Boers have been beaten for more than a year, according to far seeing military critics in London and some other places. Can it be that they are unaware of it? Late events tend to make it appear so. Here is Gen. Delarey, with 1500 fellow burghers, descending upon a British detachment of equal numbers like a thunderbolt, stampeding the entire outfit, killing and wounding right and left, and presto capturing Gen. Methuen, along with two hundred other officers and men. This is very important. It is quite contrary to the impression which the British government has been trying to give that "real war" is all over in South Africa and only a few "guerrilla bands" remain in the field. If this exploit of Delarey wasn't "real war," then people in general have always misunderstood the term. The Boers are altogether too obstinate. Instead of acting as if they were licked, they persist in keeping London wrought up to a high pitch of anxiety and occasionally throw a big bombshell of consternation into the British metropolises.

CLEARING IT UP.

The United States government is steadily clearing up the situation in the Philippines. The Yankee soldiers are beating the bush so thoroughly in every direction that the bolshewik are being constantly converted from blood thirsty guerrillas to passive and peaceable natives. Now it is Gen. Malvar, hitherto one of the chief agitators of armed opposition to the United States, who is routed out of the woods and taken prisoner. He has signified an earnest desire to be real good henceforth. This Philippine problem, for bidding as it was, has been met with a fearlessness and faith in its ultimate solution which have won the admiration of the watching world. Our soldiers in Washington have proven their worth. So have our boys in blue, to whom the most strenuous phases of the issue have fallen.

A PLEASANT INCIDENT.

Prince Henry has come, and gem, and conquered—if outward appearances are an indication of any account. He has behaved himself like a gentleman, and we have treated him like one. His visit has not been marred by an unpleasant episode, which is extremely gratifying to the American people, and of course, to the prince himself. The distinguished visitor has been feted and cheered and flattered.

In turn, he has not forgotten to say a complimentary word for our people and our institutions. We are glad that the prince came over, and we shall be glad to see him again some time. Here's hoping he may have favoring winds, fair skies and a smooth sea on his return voyage.

SNAP SHOTS.

Please don't write a book about us, Prince!
De Wet must be mighty jealous of Delarey.
A Kentucky jury has sent a murderer to the penitentiary.
How Joe Chamberlain's eye glasses must have bulged out when he read that dispatch from Kitchener!

It wouldn't be strange if Prince Henry should steer for a sanitarium after this violent round of pink teas.

Gov. Odell sought a queer place for rest when he went to Washington: there is a Chelsea and a Philadelphia in that trip across the Atlantic in his air ship.

The Filipinos are fast throwing down the bolo and the time is surely coming when they will be fit to take up the ballot.

Havevill's chest birth has expanded a dozen inches since the president knocked on her door for a secretary of the navy.

Col. Bryan hasn't yet assured us that he wouldn't accept another nomination for the presidency, if it should be handed up to him.

It isn't all gloom in this world. Maryland sends forth the glad tidings that she will give us a very pretty peach crop this year.

The Columbia is tired of waiting here for some yacht to come over and defeat her, so she is going across the pond to nose out the swift ones.

ON THE DIAMOND.

It looks like fifty-cent baseball in Boston this season.
The Boston National League team will play Sunday baseball this season for the first time.
The Maplewoods claim that they have gathered in about all the best players in the city this early and will put out a very strong team this season.

Henry Burns will continue to be the whole thing in the management of the National team of the New England league this season and there will be no baseball association there.
Willard of Greenland is wanted in Lynn, Mass. One of the crack teams there has made him a good offer. He will be given a trial by the Concord team of the New England league.

When will this National League squabble end? If it keeps up much longer, some of the magazines will die of old age, but by that time there will be no National League followers left to mourn. It is to be hoped that the American League officials will be good enough to come around and plant fresh flowers.

WHY STAY PALE?

A pity to see pale girls stay pale and dull when it is so easy to get Scott's Emulsion. Scott's Emulsion does a few things well. One of them is to give rich red blood to pale girls. There is a reason for it. But perhaps you are more interested in results than in reasons. The result of steady daily doses of Scott's Emulsion is an increase not only in the red color of the blood and in the appetite but in the good looks and bright manners which are the real charm of good health. Scott's Emulsion is blood food.

Send for Free Sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.
Candy Cathartic
BEST FOR THE BOWEL
Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk.
Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "any thing is it as good."

A Wonderful Medicine.

Beecham's Pills

FOR ALL
Bilious and
Nervous Disorders,
Sick Headache, Constipation,
Wind and Pains in Stomach,
Impaired Digestion,
Disordered Liver and
Female Ailments.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE PROPRIETOR,
Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Eng.,
and 365 Canal St., New York.
Sold by all Druggists in United States.
In boxes, 10c. and 25c.

SOUTH ELIOT.

South Eliot, Me., March 11.
Samuel A. Staple, who is employed in the Salem, Mass., passed Friday with his family in town.
Mrs. Henry B. Spinnery and children of Chelsea, Mass., who have been passing several days in town, the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Davis, have returned home.
Miss Lizzie Spinnery, who has been visiting in Chelsea, Mass., has returned home.
Mrs. George McPherson of Portsmouth passed Sunday in town with relatives.
Mrs. Elizabeth Adams of Portsmouth was the guest of relatives in town several days, last week.

De A. C. Hoffer of Portsmouth was called to Philadelphia on Saturday in consultation with Dr. H. L. Dargen over the condition of Harold, the young son of Lyman Staples, who is critically ill, threatened with blood poisoning.

Captain and Mrs. Bowden, who have been very ill for several weeks, are much improved in health.

Avian Davis, who has been a week for several weeks with an injured hand, is gaining in health very rapidly, and his many friends are much elated thereby.

Several soldiers from this town who are employed in the construction department at the navy yard were held off last Friday night.

A base ball team to represent this town is being talked up among the young men, and an effort will be made to see if suitable grounds can be secured on which to play.

During the absence of Captain Bowden from the steamer Queen City his place is being filled by his brother, Monroe Bowden.

Another wedding is on the tapis in our town, the event to take place in the near future.
Mrs. Richard F. Dixon has in her possession a very handsome Siberian hilly, which contains three blossoms, each measuring six inches in diameter and of a dark scarlet color. It is a very showy plant, and is much admired by all those who have seen it.

ROLLING ROCK.

BUILDING CONDITIONS.

The estimated cost of new building and engineering enterprises projected throughout New England during the past week, as compiled by the F. W. Dodge company, approximates \$3,988,000 against \$11,966,000 during the corresponding week last year, and contracts have been awarded on \$1,383,000 against \$1,643,000 last week.

Throughout Boston and vicinity the amount of work projected during the week approximates \$909,000 and contracts have been awarded on \$674,000 compared with \$724,000 last week. About 15 per cent. of the work projected in New England during the week is for residences, apartments, hotels, etc., and 15 per cent. is for mills and factories.

The amount of work projected in New England during the month of February was \$15,163,000 compared with \$17,421,000 during the previous month and \$12,525,000 during the corresponding month last year. The amount of work started in New England during the month of February was \$5,301,000 compared with \$5,710,000 during the previous month.

For Boston and vicinity the amount of work projected during the month was \$4,350,000 and the work started \$1,746,000.

Educate Your Bowels With Candy Cathartic. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation, liver, 10c, 25c. It is the best remedy for Biliousness.

PLANT SYSTEM MILEAGE.

One thousand mile books of the Plant System of Railways good from Washington to Charleston, Savannah, Montgomery, Thomasville, Jacksonville, Tampa, Albany, Brunswick and all intermediate points. Rate \$25 each. On sale at office of J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Passenger Agent, No. 250 Broadway, New York.

FOR JUNIOR WEEK.

Class of 1903, Dartmouth College, Announces Program of Events For This Year's Observance.

Hanover, March 11.—The program for the festivities of junior week at Dartmouth next month, have been made public. The class of '03 will observe the days of May 21, 22 and 23, and the program is more interesting than in many previous years. An original comic opera, as well as a Shakespearean presentation, are two conspicuous additions to the usual order of exercises. The program is as follows:

May 21—1 p. m., baseball, Amherst vs. Dartmouth. Alumni oval: 7 p. m., golf club "hum" on the College hall terrace; 8 p. m., "Two Gentlemen of Verona," at Bissell hall; 10 p. m., fraternity dances.
May 22—4 p. m., baseball, class game, Dartmouth vs. Brown (yonding); 7 p. m., concert by Dartmouth college band on College hall terrace; 8:30 p. m., promenade concert in College hall; 9:30 p. m., junior "Prom" in Commons, College hall.
May 23—2 p. m., finals in college tennis championship tournament at alumni oval; 4 p. m., baseball, Dartmouth vs. Williams, alumni oval; 7 p. m., concert by Guitar and Mandolin club on College hall terrace; 8 p. m., comic opera, "The Baker From Zuydcoot," at Bissell hall; 10 p. m., fraternity dances.

Negotiations to obtain the annual Dartmouth-Brown debate for the evening of May 29 are pending. The committee in charge of the junior week events is F. W. Wentworth of Chelsea, Mass., E. K. Burbeck of Manchester, A. E. Haddon of Danvers, Mass., S. A. Murphy of Albany, N. Y.

The prizes for "The Two Gentlemen of Verona" were assigned as follows: V. J. Dwyer '02 of Hanover, N. H.; H. W. Puryear '02 of Hanover, N. H.; H. N. Sanborn '02 of Boston, Julia W. L. Hainsworth '02 of Washington, Valentine Fletcher Hale '05 of Danvers, Mass.; Sylvia P. Fox '02 of Manhattan, Kan.; Antonio Sherman Smith '02 of Omaha, Neb.; E. P. Frost '05 of Rutland, Mass.; Eglamour; H. B. Preston '05 of Henniker, N. H.; E. R. Bartlett '01 of Hanover, N. H.; H. P. Parker '02 of Winchester, Mass.; Laurence C. C. Cotton '02 of Danvers, Mass.; Paulino; H. H. Sear of '02 of Washington, D. C.; D. H. Conkley '02 of Fort Wayne, Ind.; R. M. Davis '03 of Newton, Mass.; and L. E. Leveroni '04 of Keene, N. H.; L. M. Kimball '02 of North Dighton, Mass.

How Are Your Kidneys?
Dr. Hodge's Special Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

WHAT THEY SAY.

Lord Kitchener.—I regret to have to report—

Jim Jeffries.—"It's all right to be a good fellow, but see that you're a good fellow to yourself first."

J. Picmont Morgan.—"If there is anyone around who thinks he can beat the Columbia, I will send her over there."

Judge Dewey, Boston.—"Educated men are no better than any others for the police force. What we need are clean men."

Gen. Otis.—"Revenge was not wreaked upon the Filipinos by United States troops while I was in the islands. That was not the spirit of the troops. I am certain that the reports of cruelty are overdrawn."

Gen. Funston.—"All those United States soldiers who have fallen in the Philippines since December, 1900, have been victims of a lot of misinformation, misguided people here in the United States. I would rather see one of these men hanged for treason than to see one of our soldiers dead on the field of battle."

Former Chaplain Crawford, U. S. N.—"Notwithstanding Prince Henry's visit to this country, I am convinced that we will sooner or later have war with Germany. There is only one thing left to us, and that is the maintenance of our naval supremacy."

Versels (the Boer envoy).—"The capture of Methuen will greatly encourage the Boers. The Boer troops are now in better condition than at the time of the surrender of Pretoria. How long the war will be continued, nobody can tell."

For Over Sixty Years
Mrs. Weston's Sore Throat Syrup has been used for children's teething. It cures the child, soothes the gums, allays all pain, cures what aches and is the best remedy for Diphtheria, twenty-five cents a bottle.

CITY BRIEFS.

The United States circuit court will open in this city next Tuesday.

Constitution circle will hold a concert and dance on some evening of Easter week.

The Young Men's Whist club will have a session on Thursday evening in Conservatory hall.

The Grafton club musicale will be at Peirce hall, Thursday, March 13, at eight p. m. Admission 25 cents.

Don't think less of your system that you do of your house. Give it a thorough cleansing, too. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Warner club has passed resolutions of regret on the death of Past President Henry H. Locke, will drap the charter for a period of thirty days, and a large delegation of the members will attend the funeral, during which the club rooms will be closed.

The Herald has early news.

MERE MEN.

The four greatest men of today, says Henry Labouchere, are Napoleon, Lincoln, Edison and Carnegie.

Senator Teller's speech on the Philippine question contains 75,000 words and fills twenty-six pages of The Congressional Record.

Dr. Joseph A. Booth, the last surviving brother of Edwin and Janus Brutus Booth, died yesterday. He was a resident of New York city.

John G. Nairne, the famous English banker, has been appointed chief cashier of the Bank of England, one of the highest positions in the banking world.

A Wendlinger of Richmond, Va., a military tailor, now eighty years old, made the uniforms for Jefferson Davis' staff and for the staff of every governor since then.

Thomas Hiltchebeck, who stirred up so much criticism in New York through his declining to give up his opera box to Prince Henry, is a man of wealth and culture and was known for many years as a financial writer over the pseudonym of Matthew Marshall.

Justice Shiras of the United States supreme court is said to be contemplating retirement from the bench soon. He will have served ten years on the supreme bench on the 10th of next October, having been appointed in 1892 by President Harrison. He is seventy years old.

Samuel McDonald, who lives near Raleigh, N. C., has just sold a portion of the oldest and best known farm in that state, the Quaker Meadow farm. It was bought by the McDowell family from the Earl of Granville long before the Revolution and then contained 2,000 acres.

The salary of John J. Mitchell, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank of Chicago, has been increased to \$10,000 a year. His salary is next to the highest paid to a bank official in this country. In 1875 Mr. Mitchell entered the Illinois Trust and Savings bank as assistant teller at a salary of \$35 a month.

CURRENT COMMENT.

When a sovereign state bumps against a combination of railway companies it generally finds out that it isn't as sovereign as it might be.—Chicago Record-Herald.

All electric wires should be put into conduits, and the companies using them will find it to their advantage to adopt the underground system as speedily as possible.—Philadelphia North American.

Some Canadians are claiming that their interests are being sacrificed by England in an effort to be deferential to the United States. This shows how utterly impossible it is to please everybody.—Washington Star.

The city of Topeka has settled with the saloon keepers whose places were raided by Mrs. Carrie Nation by paying a lump sum of \$1,000. The responsibility of cities for property destroyed by a mob is an established principle of law, but this is a novel application of it.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

THRONE LIGHTS.

King Leopold of Belgium is suffering from an obstinate throat complaint.

It is reported from Copenhagen that the king of Sweden will probably make a long stay at Biarritz this spring. After his visit to the Riviera his majesty will very likely visit Paris.

The late Empress Frederick of Germany in her will bequeathed to the German associations in England and elsewhere a gold inkstand studded with precious stones. Each of the German associations has recently received this bequest.

King Edward, who purchased Benjamin Constant's portrait of Queen Victoria, has caused this picture to be hung in the state dining room at Windsor castle. The only other picture on the walls of this room is Detaille's equestrian portraits of the king and the Duke of Connaught.

CIGARS AND TRADERS.

Certain creeds seem to monopolize certain industries. Practically all British manufacturers of cigars, for example, are Quakers. Then, in London at any rate, a very large percentage of cigar merchants and all the best known manufacturers of Christmas cards are Jews. Whenever a Welshman comes to London to seek his fortune it is long odds on his making a pile either in the draper's or drug store business. Irishmen, probably owing to the fact that they lack the money making instinct, flock to journalism.—London Tatler.

United States Revenue returns show

Constantly Increasing Output of the

7-20-4

10c CIGAR

factory, which tells the story of the superior quality of this cigar.

The Havana tobacco now being used in its make-up is the finest grown in Cuba.

ALL DEALERS.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.,
Manchester, N. H.

This signature is on every box of the genuine
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in two days.

OUR SOLONS' SALARIES.

Quite a number of senators are giving intimations that their refusal to increase their salaries 50 per cent was due to popular prejudice rather than personal preference.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Some congressmen think their salaries should be increased from \$5,000 to \$10,000 a year. Some people think that about nine-tenths of the present flock should pay for the privilege of occupying seats in the national capitol.—Lancaster Eagle.

HERO HOBSON.

Captain Hobson is about to retire from the navy on account of weak eyes. Wonder what his real reason is?—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Captain Hobson seems to be still of a retiring disposition. And, had as his eyesight is, he thinks he can see a future for himself in politics.—Boston Globe.

FIRM FOUNDATION.

Nothing Can Undermine It in Portsmouth.

People are sometimes slow to recognize true merit and they cannot be blamed for so many in the past have been humbugged. The experience of hundreds of Portsmouth residents expressed publicly through newspapers and other sources places Doan's Kidney Pills on a firm foundation.

Mr. Arion A. Ballou, of 31 Maplewood avenue, says:—"I had something wrong with my kidneys for eight months, and the pain and annoyance kept increasing instead of diminishing. I got so bad that I could not get to my ordinary occupation, and had to knock off. In my back and over my kidneys there was a constant aching and ordinary movement was a sharp twinge to shoot through my loins. During these attacks when my back was very bad I had urinary weakness that was very embarrassing and inconvenient. I thought Doan's Kidney Pills might help me and I got a box at Phillips' pharmacy on Congress street. I did not take more than one-half of it before I was free from the whole kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's—and take no substitute.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

Doan's Kidney Pills. See advertisement on page 2.

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, No. 1, K. G. B.

Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Willis B. Mathes, P. C.; Robert M. Herrick, N. C.; Allison L. Phinney, V. C.; Charles C. Charlsen, H. P.; Fred Helser, V. H.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; Charles W. Hanscom, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, No. 1, O. U. A.

Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each month.

Officers—William P. Gardner, C.; Charles B. Allen, V. C. Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank S. Langley, F. S.; J. W. Marden, T.; Charles W. Hanscom, Ind.; Malcomb D. Stuart, Ex.; William C. Berry, I. P.; William Emery, O. P.; Harry Hersum, Trustee.

Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.,
Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
Portsmouth, N. H.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.

DENTAL ROOMS, 16 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.

84 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 4 and 7 to 10 P. M.

The Famous

HOTEL WHITTIER,

Open the Entire Year.

FAVORITE STOPPING PLACE FOR PORTSMOUTH PEOPLE.

If you are on a pleasure drive you cannot fail to enjoy a meal at Whittier's.

OTIS WHITTIER, Proprietor

CUTLER'S

SEA VIEW;

HAMPTON BEACH,

Where you get the famous FISH DINNERS.

Most beautifully situated hotel on the coast. Parties catered to.

JOHN CUTLER Proprietor

STANDARD BRAND.

QUEER CAUSE FOR ANGER.

A Busy Lawyer, Got Mad Because He Had to Accept a Fee of Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Attorney General Knox, while a practicing attorney, was one of the busiest lawyers in America. A few years ago he was much put out because he had to accept a fee of \$50,000. A friend met him as he was leaving the office, and he was swearing mad, relates the Washington Post. He was quivering with vexation and swearing with piratical vigor.

"What's it all about this time?" asked the friend, who was used to his ways, and not much concerned over the outburst.

"I have been knocked out of a trip to Egypt."

"What's worse than that?" thought the friend. "What did it?"

"My folks want me to make an argument in a case, and I told them I could not be here. They told me to fix my price, and I said \$50,000, thinking that would put them out of mind. It did not. They took me up, and my plans are all upset."

"Well, I guess you can stand to have your plans busted," dryly remarked the friend, as he wondered if there was any other lawyer in the world who could be made mad by being forced to accept \$50,000.

SOME FOLKS HARD TO PLEASE.

A Disagreeable Passenger Who Raised an Objection to Straight-Line Railway Maps.

"Look at that," said an ill-natured passenger, pointing to a large map on the wall of the railway station, reports the Chicago Inter Ocean. "Isn't that an abominable fraud?"

"What's the matter with it?" asked his mild companion.

"Look how it is distorted," said the other. "There is a map of a railway system from Chicago to New York. It is made to appear as following a straight line between these two cities, and yet on the map it appears to pass through every large town within 500 miles of that line."

"Just notice that towns like Cincinnati and Cleveland are so misplaced as to appear only a few miles apart, and Nashville, Tenn., is pulled 500 miles from its real location. I wonder they have not transported New Orleans a thousand miles northeast, so as to bring it on the line of their railway fraud."

"Congress ought to take hold of this fake," he continued, "and punish heavily every railroad that issues a distorted map."

WHISKERS ON WASHINGTON.

Small Marble Statue of the First President That Takes On a Singular Appearance.

Judson Clayton, proprietor of the Lady Washington Inn, at Huntington Valley, Pa., says the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph, has a small marble statue of Gen. George Washington on the lawn adjoining his house that requires constant shaving to keep it from raising a beard and mustache. Periodically a growth of moss makes its appearance on the upper lip, chin and cheeks of the stone figure, and it left untouched for any length of time it develops into a close-cropped beard and mustache, giving to the image of the Father of His Country an extremely dandified appearance. If the moss is not interfered with it will grow to a point resembling the approved cut that barbers give to the beards of men of fashion. Every few months the action of the weather causes the face of the marble statue to become coated with the velvety moss, and a shave is in order. The freak whiskers have made the statue quite a curiosity in the vicinity.

A LOAF CENTURIES OLD.

It Was Found in a Cave-Dwelling in Arizona and Is Now in a Museum.

A notable recent contribution to the archaeological museum of the University of Arizona is a loaf of bread found in a cave dwelling in the Superstition mountains of central Arizona in 1879, and since that time in the possession of Herbert Brown, superintendent of the territorial prison, says a Tucson report.

The loaf is undeniably bread, and without doubt is of great age. It was found embedded in the ashes wherein it was baked probably hundreds or perhaps thousands of years ago. It had very plainly been wrapped in a cloth or mat, and the marks of the fiber of the cloth are visible in the dark, brick-like mass. Mr. Brown is of the opinion that the bread was made of mesquite beans, roughly ground in metates by the aboriginal housewives of centuries ago.

With it was found a store of ancient sacrificial implements, stone axes and arrowheads. The loaf has been sterilized by the curator of the museum, and has been sealed within a glass jar.

King Edward's Distinction.

King Edward is the only monarch in Christendom who holds ecclesiastical office. He has a prebendal stall in St. David's cathedral, where a principle analogous to robbing Peter to pay Paul is in vogue. The emoluments of the prebend are handed to the king, who then hands them over to Jesus college, Oxford.

Product of Acre of Land.

In Russia the average of land, because of bad cultivation, produced but one-fifth the amount produced by an acre in America. This is the official statement of her minister of finance.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work"



GOLD DUST

solves the problem of easy dish washing. It cuts grease and cleans dishes better than anything else. Does its work quickly, well and economically.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

PRINCE'S SECRET QUEST.

Said to Be Our Consent to Big German Fleet in Caribbean Sea.

The New York Herald's European edition publishes the following from its Berlin correspondent:

I am informed from a trustworthy source that the ultimate object of Prince Henry's visit to Washington is to bring about an agreement by which Germany will be permitted to maintain a large fleet in Caribbean waters to serve for the protection of German settlements and property rights imperiled by the frequent revolutions in the South American republics.

In official correspondence the fleet of German warships assembled at La Guayra is styled as that of the American station. Captain Stege of the Vincta has just received the title of commodore and will be commander of the South American fleet, henceforth, under his own ensign. Although the fleet was sent to Venezuela only for the enforcement of rights guaranteed to German capital and citizens, it already consists of five vessels, and it is intended to steadily increase this number.

A difficult issue is the acquisition of a repair dock and coaling station. The hope is entertained in Berlin that no objection will be made to the maintenance of the fleet in the West Indies, because it is intended to be entirely for defensive purposes and not to acquire territory. It is claimed that the representations of Prince Henry and Dr. von Holten have convinced the officials at Washington that no covert designs are entertained.

Protection is desired especially because the Berlin government now undertakes the task of directing the German migration movement to South America. Heretofore the work had been performed by the Hansatic League and the colonial societies. It is mainly intended to induce German emigrants to settle in German colonies or, if they cannot be induced to go there, to settle in South America.

I am also informed that the German financiers who constructed the Venezuelan railway which is the subject of the pending negotiations between Germany and President Castro's government are anxious to dispose of their property to American investors. The claim is made that Germany is not in a position to offer adequate protection to German capital and investments in South America and that the Great Northern Venezuelan railway might fare better in the hands of United States capitalists.

MARCONI SYSTEM ON TRAINS

Inventor Tells of Its Value in Preventing Railroad Collisions.

"I have been working on this problem of applying my system to the prevention of railroad collisions for some time," Marconi said recently to a representative of Leslie's Weekly. "Indeed, we are already pushing forward the work of equipping the railroads in Belgium with my devices for just this purpose."

"You know," he went on, "that before we had made certain advances in tuning messages it was useless to try to apply the apparatus to railroad traffic. I cannot say it is not necessary to send different tuned warnings between trains running in opposite directions, but it is also necessary to have an apparatus which will work only for very short distances and no further, say a half mile. But now I have reached the point where these difficulties no longer exist, and it is quite possible to equip all trains in such a manner that the engineer may be warned, either by a bell right at his ear or a dial light in front of his face, whenever he approaches within a half mile of another train. Indeed, we can just as well have an apparatus which will operate directly on the engine's lever and air brakes, slowing the train down slightly at a half mile's distance and very positively when two trains come into dangerous proximity."

Then followed his detailed plans. "For example," he said, "suppose we were to put a transmitter on every train, in the engineer's cab for communication, since the aerial wire or form of outside receiving apparatus could be placed just outside and the earth connection made through the wheels of the engine and the rails. A few battery cells placed under the seat and a clockwork attachment for keeping the transmitter in operation constantly when the train was in motion would be all the apparatus necessary in addition to the sparking coil and local circuit."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

Mark Twain and Himself. Mark Twain is so well known by his pseudonym that people frequently address him as Mr. Twain until his identity has assumed a sort of Jekyll and Hyde quality, and he doesn't know himself whether he is Mark Twain or Samuel Clemens. It remained for the ever ingenious office boy to carry the dual identity theory to its utmost development. Mr. Clemens, according to Harper's Literary Gossip, called at a publishing house, but the man he wanted to see was absent. To make sure that his visit should be reported and having no card with him he gave both his names to the office boy. This was the latter's report to his superior: "Mr. Clemens was here. He said he wanted to see Mark Twain."

WHERE FAINT HEART WON.

But It Was Not Without the Assistance of a Most Extraordinary Nature.

Luke Maxwell, an awkward farmer with a heart big enough to love the entire world, yet filled to overflowing with love for Harriet Weber, was down in his orchard, miserable and unhappy. Ten years of courtship with a passion still declared was a humorous thing to the villagers, but to Luke lying prone amid the harvest scents, it amounted almost to a tragedy. But for his hated shyness Harriet might now be mistress of the pretty farmhouse showing white through the trees, might have been there ten years. Now she was going "out west" to live with her brother—one short week and she would be out of his life forever. Ten years of loving, with frequent meetings with his idol, were livable at least, but a lifetime without a sight of her or the sound of her voice was unbearable even to think of, writes Maude J. Sullivan, in Woman's Home Companion.

"What a tongue-tied fool I've been!" he groaned. "And, oh, heaven, how I love her! I must tell her! I can't let her go!"

With a courage born of desperation, he dashed like a wild thing through the orchard and up to the little vine-clad cottage. Harriet greeted him in her sweet, calm way, and the blush that always appeared when she met him came into her face.

"Harriet," he began, bravely, "I've come to ask you—to—" He glanced at her, and then faltered. Oh, Luke, you faced your country's foe without a tremor; yet you tremble in every fiber of your giant body at the sight of this blue-eyed woman! "—to ask you to go with me to the fair to-morrow," he continued, feebly.

"Of course, Luke, if you want me to." There was a shade of disappointment in Harriet's voice.

Without another word Luke turned on his heel. He knew now that it was impossible for him ever to express his love. How he cursed the fate that made him love; how he cursed the fate that made him timid.

The country fair was a tremendous success. Exhibits and amusements were high-class, but they palled on Luke and Harriet. Late in the afternoon they were following a crowd, their hearts heavy with longing and disappointment.

The dapper little man who had attracted and was leading the crowd paused, turned and began a series of hypnotic maneuvers.

"What's he doing?" whispered Harriet. "I don't know," answered Luke. "We'll wait and see."

O blessed hypnotist, verily thou art a guardian angel! Suddenly he paused, his black eyes snapping and looking straight at Luke and Harriet. With a sinuous movement he drew from his pocket a scroll, which he unrolled and held before their wondering eyes. On this scroll, in large red letters, was printed the following:

"ASK HER TO MARRY YOU, AND TAKE HER TO BROWN & GREEN'S FOR THAT HANDSOME PARLOR SUITE, THEY FEATHER THE NEST."

Luke read it, then turned to Harriet, a glorious smile illuminating his features. Her face was crimson.

"Will you go there with me, Harriet?" he whispered, growing bold. "I've wanted to ask you for years."

"If you want me to," murmured Harriet, a new, glad light in her eyes.

And the hypnotist passed on to collect another crowd, unmindful and unconscious of the part he had played.

WOE OF AN IMPRESSIONIST.

Caused by the Treatment of the First Picture the Artist Had Ever Sold.

The career of an impressionist artist at the start is not often enviable. Without an established name he has little chance of selling paintings to the wealthy patrons of art, and usually he is not good at potboilers. It was long after a certain impressionist of this city was well known as a teacher of art and by his paintings at the exhibitions that he finally sold one of his creations. A brother impressionist had roused for his work and persuaded one of his own estimators to purchase a painting by the less successful man, at a good round figure.

The picture sold was of a sky, a bridge and a stream, or, at least, those were the impressions the picture gave, says the New York Tribune.

One day the two artist friends were invited to visit this particular patron's home to see the picture as it hung on the wall. This they did, and for a long time the patron entertained them with a eulogy of his new treasure. He fairly exhausted the vocabulary of art in expatiating on the naturalness of the water and the poetic beauty of the sky. The man who had done the painting smiled and smiled, but at the same time mopped heads of perspiration from his brow. Finally he saw an opportunity to get his friend into the hallway, and then, with his face distorted with combined agony and amusement, he exploded with:

"Mon Dieu! They've hung my picture upside down!"

Motive the Question.

Janitor—There was considerable noise in your suite last night, Mrs. Flatter.

Mrs. Flatter—Yes, perhaps there was, we had some gentlemen callers.

"They were singing 'Hallelujah' for the Red, White and Blue' in loud voices. If it was from patriotic motives I haven't a word to say; but if the song was suggested by a poker game going on at that time, I must enter an objection on behalf of the other occupants of the house.—Boston Transcript.

A Snowflake Fancy.

Each snowflake is a tiny star adult, and must sparkle when it sees its mate. When with our dear old skull we catch the swift and solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

Each snowflake is a tiny star adult, and must sparkle when it sees its mate. When with our dear old skull we catch the swift and solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

Each snowflake is a tiny star adult, and must sparkle when it sees its mate. When with our dear old skull we catch the swift and solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

Each snowflake is a tiny star adult, and must sparkle when it sees its mate. When with our dear old skull we catch the swift and solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

Each snowflake is a tiny star adult, and must sparkle when it sees its mate. When with our dear old skull we catch the swift and solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

Each snowflake is a tiny star adult, and must sparkle when it sees its mate. When with our dear old skull we catch the swift and solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

Each snowflake is a tiny star adult, and must sparkle when it sees its mate. When with our dear old skull we catch the swift and solid snowball hurtling fancy free.

FUN IN NATION'S CAPITOL.

Senators and Representatives Amused by Austrian Wizard.

PERFORMED IN COMMITTEE ROOM.

Magician Malini. Asked to Exhibit His Skill. Without Preparation Turned Oranges into Lemons and Plucked Bricks From Hats—Joke on Senator Hawley of Connecticut.

For the first time in its history the capitol at Washington was recently the theater for the performance of a magician, who had an audience composed exclusively of senators and representatives, says the St. Louis Republic.

Malini, an Austrian wizard whose marvels have set Washington by the ears, was the artist who gave his exhibition under such distinguished surroundings. He achieved a notable success.

He strolled into the marble room of the senate and met Senator Hanna, at whose house he had entertained. The senator introduced him to several of his colleagues, and the result was that Senator Gallinger turned over his committee room for the time to the wizard. In this room were quickly gathered a score or more senators and representatives.

Malini, attired in his ordinary street dress, had just taken a seat when Sen-

ator Foster picked up an orange lying on Senator Gallinger's desk and tossed it to him, saying, "What can you do with that?"

"If you can grow oranges as fast as you can lemons, I want you down on my plantation," said Senator Tallaferra of Florida.

After performing several difficult feats, Malini allowed five senators, among them Mr. Joseph R. Hawley, to select each a card, but he himself did not see the face of any of them thus taken. The senators then returned the cards to the pack. Senator Hawley was asked to throw the latter two or three feet into the air.

Malini made a wild clutch at them and secured several. He then handed to each senator the identical card he had selected. Senator Hawley, however, was overlooked.

"Where is my card?" he asked. "You did not take any," said Malini. "But I did," expostulated Mr. Hawley.

"How could you have, when I had only four to give back?" inquired the magician.

This logic did not appear to appeal to the Connecticut statesman, who, some what brusquely, said that whether Malini believed it or not he had taken one of the cards.

"Well," said the performer, taking the senator by the hand as if in apology and turning him so that his back came into full view of the audience, "I suppose it was my mistake."

A peal of laughter burst from the gathering. Senator Hawley's card was sticking out of his coat collar.

WEAK MEN *Sexine Pills* **RESTORE VIGOR**

This is the old reliable cure, sure and lasting, for Impotency, Incontinence, and Nervous Debility, including dizziness, troublesome dreams, drains and despondency, caused by excesses, over-work or study. Sexine Pills clean, add fresh, cheer, strengthen, and restore energy to every organ. \$5.00 per box, 6 boxes (with legal guarantee to cure or refund money) \$25.00. Book free. Address, **PEAL MEDICINE CO.**, Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by **F. B. Coleman**.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get **Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills**. They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for \$1.00 per box.

For Sale by **F. B.**

If You Want SCHLITZ

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

\$2.85 PER CASE.

\$1.50 Refunded on Return of Bottles and Case.

—Send to—
JOS. GAHM & SON,
125 Purchase St., Boston, Mass.

PURE LIQUORS.

All whiskeys warranted seven years old. "O. C. O." Rye Whiskey, \$2; Fairfax Bourbon Whiskey, \$2; Peerless Bourbon, \$2.50; Old Reserve Rye, \$3.00; Bode's XXXX Rye Whiskey, \$3.25; Bradock Rye Whiskey, \$4.00; Fine old Scotch and Irish Whiskies, \$2.75; Holland Gin, \$3; Rye Malt Gin, \$2; Old Medford Rum, \$3; New England Rum, \$2; Cherry Rum, \$2; Cal. Port and Sherry Wine, \$1; Imported Port and Sherry \$2; Rock and Rye, \$2; Cal. Brandy, \$3 per gal. Quarts at gallon prices. All standard brands of bottled goods of very lowest market prices. No charge for shipping, packing or insuring. Our motto, Satisfaction or money back. **J. W. CALMAN & Co.**, Wholesale Liquor Dealers, 321 Trem at St., Boston, Mass. Oldest Liquor House in New England.

W. Gay Smart,
Bricklayer, Stone Mason and Plasterer
Sewer and Drain Builder.
All Orders Left at
No 21-92 Vaughan Street.

SPINNEY & COX,
SUCCESSORS TO WILLIAM J. FRASER,
Brick and Stone Masons, Plasterers and Stucco Workers.
Large assortment of Cement, Portland Cement and White Portland Cement, Nos. 21 and 23 Penballow St.
FRANK SPINNEY. **GEORGE COX**

DR. G. S. LOCKE, Jr.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Mechanics' Block.
Office Hours: Till 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.
After 8 p. m. Telephone 47-4

NOTICE.

The public are given notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Hannah Wynn, late of Boston, in the County of Middlesex, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment, and all persons claiming to be entitled to any part of the assets of said estate are required to present their claims to the undersigned, who will receive the same for the purpose of presenting them to the court for allowance. All persons are notified that the service of process against the administrator of the estate of Hannah Wynn, late of Boston, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, is hereby notified.

Dated March 7, 1902. **JAMES SHAW.**

LADIES Who Have Used Their **DR. KING'S** *Pennyroyal Pills*,
can testify to the fact that they have been cured of all their troubles. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value. Send for a trial bottle free. All druggists or by mail \$1.00 box. **DR. KING'S** *Pennyroyal Pills*,
100 MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

FOR TWENTY YEARS
We have successfully conducted a brokerage business.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.

This concern was established in 1880, since then, transacting business at the same address. It is a well known fact, when selecting your Broker, that the modern method—the motto of our house, is to place the order with the man who has the most prompt service, and who will do the best for his customer. We execute orders for large or small accounts, either for cash or upon exceedingly moderate margins.

Island free, over 400 pages, cloth-bound, illustrated.

"Guide to Daily and Market Investors."
This little book is a most valuable and useful one. It is a most valuable and useful one. It is a most valuable and useful one.

HAIGHT & FRESE
Established 1860. Main Office, 55 N. W. 4th St., N. Y.
85 State St., Boston.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker, is as important as the selection of right stocks."

NOTES OF NOTABLES.

Czar Nicholas wears top boots all the time, with his trousers tucked therein.

Sir Conrad Reeves of Barbados, who was the first negro to receive a knighthood, has just died, aged seventy-five.

Professor H. W. Kriebel, historian of the Schwenkfelders and a professor in the Lancaster seminary, is writing a history for the Pennsylvania German society.

Professor E. C. Pickering of Harvard university has just received a silver loving cup in recognition of his twenty-five years' service as director of the observatory.

Lord Strathcona has declined to accept a second term of office as lord rector of Aberdeen university, as his many engagements render it impossible for him to give sufficient attention to the duties.

Duke Siegfried resigned his commission in the Bavarian army, it is now stated, because he was disqualified as a gentleman rider for deliberately fouling a brother officer's mount at a recent army race meeting.

John M. Butterick, who recently died in Lowell, Mass., was a great-grandson of Major John Butterick, who began the fight at Concord bridge, and the gun which fired the first shot in the Revolution is still preserved in the family.

Henry Siegel, the wealthy New Yorker, is having the top floor of the handsome home he is erecting in that city arranged into a gymnasium at the suggestion of Mrs. Siegel, who is interested in athletics. It will be used for fencing, indoor tennis and other sports.

John H. Davis, father of the new Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava, started in business in Philadelphia as a banker and broker, under the firm name of Glendinning, Davis & Company. Later the two latter members of the firm went to New York, where they have been in business ever since.

Among the floral tributes received in Washington by Mr. Dryden, the new United States senator from New Jersey, were two bunches of newly developed roses never before exhibited. One of the varieties, "blush pink," in color, has been named the Alice Roosevelt rose, in honor of the president's daughter.

THE FASHIONS.

Parasols now displayed in the stores are decorated at the top with a flower or spray.

Kilbuck ruffs are among the spring novelties that have been accorded instant popularity.

White waists of silk and of flannel are among those most in demand for the first spring wear.

In colored undershirts the colors most worn are dark in tone, black and white being a favorite combination.

With evening gowns non-sellable or liberty scarfs, two yards long, with narrow hemstitched ends, are worn.

White shirts have a wide graduated dounce trimmed with two narrower dounces with scalloped edges, from which hang full ruffles of thin lace.

Lace gloves are offered in many pretty designs. They are intended to complete spring costumes, and it is said that the demand for them will exceed the supply.

Smart little capes are offered for spring wear. They are short, extending only to the waist line. At the front there are two long ends, which reach to the edge of the costume and form the finish.—New York Tribune.

THE STAGE.

Bijou Fernandez is playing Mrs. Bloodgood's old part in *Annela Bingham's* revival of "The Climbers."

Laurence Irving will play Valentine in his father's revival of "Faust" at the opening of the London season.

Morton Soltan, who is with the Kelsey-Shannon company, was for years a member of E. H. Sothern's company.

The Forepaugh-Sells Bros. circus will begin the season of 1902 at Madison Square Garden, New York, the 1st of April.

Miss Ellen Terry is going to appear at some special performances at the Stratford-Avon theater immediately after her return to England.

Vesta Tilley may make her appearance in this country as one of the features in Leslie Stuart's new musical comedy, "The Silver Slipper."

Lawrence Edlinger, Virginia Harrod's stage manager, is the father of Wally Edlinger, who was one of the first to play the title role in "Little Lord Fauntleroy."

RAILWAY TIES.

It is proposed to make the London underground railway double at a cost of \$18,000,000.

Last year nearly 450 miles of the Anglo-Egyptian railway were built, and another 700 miles will be undertaken on the upper Nile this year.

A ninety-four mile railroad from San Francisco northward will be operated with electricity. The rails are seventy pound rails, broad gauge. The capital stock is \$6,000,000.

The new station of the Lyons and Mediterranean railway, which has just been opened in Paris, is one of the most beautiful railway stations in the world. The two spacious halls, on the decoration of which some of the best known French artists have expended their efforts, are conspicuous for the bright paneling and medallions.

THE HORSES.

Pimlico is out of the Maryland circuit.

Onward Silver is back in Geers' stable.

Royal Victor, 2:08 1/2, is the world's champion on ice in 2:10.

Brighton Beach, New York, takes the grand circuit dates of Glens Falls.

Duffie, 2:20 1/2, by Online, 2:04, is put down as a sure 2:10 performer for 1902.

Barney H. Demarest will place his new purchase, Worthier, by Advertiser, in the stud in Orange county, N. Y., and train later for a record.

M. R. Higbee, who drove the La-crosse (Wis.) pacer C. F. W., 2:09 1/2, last season, will train and drive for W. G. Carling of St. Paul, Minn., next season.

Dan McEwen of London, Ont., says that Captain Brino, 2:07 1/2, is in good health, looks fine and gives every prospect of lowering his record the coming season.

D. A. Messner, Jr., owner of Dan Patch, 2:04 1/2, also owns Lady Patch, by Dan Patch, dam Oxford Girl, dam of Joan, 2:14 1/2, a black two-year-old filly, that, he says, has as much speed as her sire had at her age.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The Problem of Simultaneous Messages in the Same Radius.

At an early period of the practical history of wireless telegraphy it was seen that the usefulness of this art might be considerably curtailed by the fact that but one message could be transmitted between any two stations within the sphere or "radius" of influence of the transmitter, since the attempt to transmit even two messages at one time would result in an unintelligible mixture of both messages. Several inventors have been more recently at work trying to overcome this defect, and it is claimed, with success, notably Dr. Lodge, Signor Marconi and Dr. Slaby. The plan followed by these gentlemen has been that of employing a syntonic or tuning method—that is, the transmitting and receiving circuits are adjusted or "tuned" to a given rate of electrical oscillations.

It is a well known experiment that when two tuning forks having an identical fundamental rate of vibrations are placed in suitable proximity either fork may be set into vibration by the waves set up by the other fork, and neither will be set into vibration by another fork of different note. The tuning fork is a persistent vibrator by virtue of two qualities which it possesses, elasticity and inertia. When struck a smart blow, it moves from its point of rest. Directly its elasticity returns it to its point of rest its inertia carries it past that point, its elasticity returns it to zero point, inertia carries it past, and so on, until the resistance of the air and other causes stop it. Analogously an electrical circuit may be given, in almost any desired proportion, the equivalent of mechanical inertia, elasticity and resistance, in inductance, capacity and weight of electric oscillation of a circuit may be varied by varying these factors—the smaller the factors the higher the rate of oscillation.

When, then, the receiving circuit of a wireless telegraph system is accurately tuned to oscillate in harmony with the transmitting circuit, which can be done by giving the respective capacity and resistance of the receiving circuit will respond only to the oscillations set up by a transmitter correspondingly tuned. At least this is the theory on which these experiments are based. In experimenting Marconi and others have, it is stated, found that perfect syntony between the respective stations is not absolutely essential, but that if there is a marked divergence of frequency of oscillation between them the receivers will not respond to any but their correspondingly attuned transmitters.—Cassier's Magazine.

OVER THE OCEAN.

A Brussels publisher has felt justified in starting a periodical devoted wholly to the scientific study of milk.

The total number of medical practitioners in Great Britain and Ireland is 36,785, an increase of 404 within a year.

Poppy cultivation is driving out wheat growing round Fuchau, in China. Opium producing pays very much better.

In return for the monument of Goethe which Emperor William has presented to Rome the city council at a recent meeting proposed to present to the city of Berlin a monument of Dante.

A German lieutenant, Von Eichel Streicher, of the Third ulans, wagered that he could drink a bottle of brandy in ten minutes. He did so and was buried with full military honors.

The city of Leeds, England, has 16,622 penny in the slot gas meters, from which between £17,000 and £18,000 a year is collected, and at times nearly £3,000 in pennies is locked up in them.

The attempt of the Russian government to compel the people to buy their vodka in sealed packages and take it home to drink has proved a failure. The purchasers prefer to drink in the streets rather than wait until they can return home.

THE PIGEONS OF ST. MARK.

The pigeons of St. Mark's, which, owing to the bounty of visitors to Venice, have a plentiful supply of Indian corn during the tourist season, are in danger of perishing of starvation in the winter, and their case is being advocated by the Venetian journals, the civic authorities being urged to set aside a sum sufficient to maintain these birds until the hotels begin to fill again.

Sober Thought.

Cobwigger—Do you think you could keep sober the forty days of Lent?
Old Soak—I might, but I'm not so sure about the forty nights.—Judge.

GRAY & PRIME
OTTO COKE.
111 MARKET ST., Telephone 10-42

H. W. Nickerson
UNDERTAKER,
5 Daniel St., - Portsmouth
Night calls at office, 5 Daniel street, 9 Miller street or 11 Gates street, promptly answered

Dr. Emmons'
Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. There is no other remedy known to medical science that will so quickly and safely do the work. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved immediately. Success guaranteed at any stage. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Have relieved hundreds of cases where others have failed. The most difficult cases successfully treated by mail, and beneficial results guaranteed in every instance. No risk whatsoever. We treat hundreds of ladies whom we never see. Write for further particulars and free confidential advice. Do not put off too long. All letters truthfully answered. Remember, this remedy is absolutely safe under no circumstances. It is a most valuable and useful one. It is a most valuable and useful one.

C. Dwight Hanscom
Attorney and Real Estate Agent,
Office No. 9 Congress Street, Floor Up.
REAL ESTATE
Bought, Sold and Rents
AUCTION
Sales of Real and Personal Property in city and vicinity will be promptly, faithfully and honestly attended to, and prompt cash settlements will be made.

G. J. GREENLEAF
Corner State and Church St.
THOMAS K. CALL & SON
—Dealers in—
Eastern and Western Lumber
HAYFORD & STENSON'S
St. John Shingles
Also Clapboards, Pickets, Etc.
For Cash at the Lowest Market Price.
36 Market street, Portsmouth.
JOHN BEHAN & CO.,
Reliable Dealers in Wines and Liquors.
60 BLACKSTONE ST., BOSTON.

KEELEY INSTITUTE
NORTH CONWAY, N. H.
—Cure of—
LIQUOR AND DRUG DISEASES.
TOBACCO HABIT AND NEURASTHENIA.
Hotel first class in appointments; heated by steam, exclusively for patients, delightful situation among the mountains; water from mountain spring celebrated for purity, perfect rest, retirement and privacy; descriptive book mailed free. Address
J. M. KEATING, Manager, North Conway, N. H.
306m

NEW RATES.
The New England Telephone and Telegraph Company announce new and lower rates.
For information apply to manager.

SKATES
Sharpened
—AT—
G. B. CHADWICK & CO'S.
11 Bow Street.
Louis Schwarz
Surgeon Chiroprapist
Massage Treatment
49 STATE STREET,
Next Conit House, Portsmouth.
OLIVER W. HAM,
Fashions for the Future.
60 MARKET ST.
Undertaker and Licensed Embalmer
Night Calls at Undertaking Rooms,
No 2 Hanover St.
Telephone Connection.

Dr. Emmons'
Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. There is no other remedy known to medical science that will so quickly and safely do the work. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved immediately. Success guaranteed at any stage. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Have relieved hundreds of cases where others have failed. The most difficult cases successfully treated by mail, and beneficial results guaranteed in every instance. No risk whatsoever. We treat hundreds of ladies whom we never see. Write for further particulars and free confidential advice. Do not put off too long. All letters truthfully answered. Remember, this remedy is absolutely safe under no circumstances. It is a most valuable and useful one. It is a most valuable and useful one.

How an Elephant Grows.
While we must not overlook the difference between the supply of food in nature and captivity as well as the equally different conditions of both food and exercise in either state, it is somewhat interesting to note the increase in weight and height of a young Indian elephant in captivity; a state to which it was brought when about fifteen months old. During nearly a couple of years the captive put on nearly half a ton (to be more accurate, some 1,100 pounds of avoirdupois) and not far short of eighteen inches.
The increase in both weight and height was greatest in the early months and slower in both cases as time went on, and the greatest gain in any single month was ninety pounds and four inches. Considering the immense rations given to elephants in menageries, it may be thought, perhaps, that the results are none too great for the cost. Yet to gain ninety pounds in a single month is prodigious all the same.

Carried Millions on His Back.
When Baron Rothschild was paying a visit to New York, a reception was given him in a certain great house. The affair was in charge of Brown, the famous old sexton of Grace church. Another reception was being held the same evening in a house almost immediately opposite, which was also in charge of the sexton. The baron wished to attend the second affair, but the street was full of mud, the night was disagreeable and no carriage was at the curbstone. He could not walk across without soiling his boots and evening clothes, and for the moment he was in a predicament as to what he should do. But he was soon relieved of this dilemma. "I'll carry you across myself," said Brown jovially; "now, mount my shoulders." And, grasping him as if he had been a child, he carried the nobleman across on his back. —Ladies' Home Journal.

Balzac's Way.
Julius Sandeau relates that one time while living in Paris Balzac locked himself up in his room for twenty-two days and twenty-two nights, refusing to see any one and keeping the curtains closed and the lights continually burning even in broad daylight. The only human being he saw during this time was his servant, whom he rang for when he felt the need of food and which he washed down with numerous cups of coffee. He would throw himself on his bed only when entirely exhausted from lack of sleep, and he remained in complete ignorance of what was transpiring outside, the state of the weather and even of the time and day of the week. He only freed him self from this voluntary captivity when he had written the word "End" on the last page of the manuscript he began when he entered his prison.

Price of Blackwell's Island.
The price of Blackwell's island when it was purchased by New York city was not seven pieces of wampum, 120 pounds of tobacco or two stacks of fire arms, the price of Manhattan Island, but \$50,000, paid to Robert Blackwell, the owner, who had married the daughter of the English captain Manning, who in 1673 surrendered New York city to the Dutch. When the English resumed control, Manning retired to Blackwell's island, then known as Hog island, and after his death it became the property of his daughter and son-in-law. It was sold in 1838 to New York city and since has been in use for various correctional and charitable institutions.

Storing Oxygen in the Blood.
Professional divers, who remain under water from two to five minutes at a time, are accustomed before submerging themselves to take deep inspirations for ten minutes. The object is said to be to store up oxygen, not in the lung cells, but in the blood corpuscles. This renders a temporary suspension of the breathing possible by supplying the corpuscles with an extra quantity of oxygen, to be exchanged chemically with the carbonic acid, produced by vital processes, in the blood.

The English Language.
I like to be beholden to the great metropolitan English speech, the sea which receives tributaries from every region under heaven. I should as soon think of swimming across the Charles river when I wish to go to Boston as of reading all my books in originals when I have them rendered for me in my English tongue.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

The Unlucky Thirteen.
"I hate to have to pack up again," protested the wife. "This will be the thirteenth time we have moved since we came to town, and that's bad luck."
"But we're owing \$13 rent on this house, Marg," he said, "and it'll be a heap worse luck to stay here and have to pay it."—Chicago Tribune.

In Stripes.
"Will you kindly show me what you have here?" asked the visitor to the penitentiary.
"With pleasure," replied the warden, who had once worked in a dry goods store. "We have a few things in stripes that I think will interest you."—Ohio State Journal.

Art.
"Are you fond of pictures?" asked the man who is interested in art.
"I should say so!" answered Broncho Bob. "Give me jacks, queens or kings every time. I always did hate to fool with tempests or less."—Washington Star.

When a boy goes to a party, he doesn't care about refreshments. He wants something to eat.—Atchison Globe.

Roman Beggars.
Everybody who visits Rome must expect to be swindled and disappointed. There are many illusions, and you will be greatly disappointed when you approach them and they fade away. You will be swindled by shopkeepers, hucksters, peddlers and everybody that you have anything to do with, and the beggars will annoy you with their persistence like the fakirs and flower girls that follow you upon the street, but all this is a part of the experience of everybody who comes here, only such annoyances are greater in Rome than in most other places.

Begging is a profession, as in every other Italian city, and the profits are much larger, because there are more strangers to appeal to. None but inexperienced beggars ever approach a native Roman, because they know it is useless, but they save all their energy and pathos for strangers, particularly Americans and English, whom they follow with the greatest persistence.—Chicago Herald.

Simple Transaction.
"I like de 'pearance o' dat turkey mighty well," said Mr. Johnson after a long and watchful study of the bird. The dusky marketman seemed strangely deaf.

"How could I—what arrangements could a pusson make dat wanted to buy dat turkey?" Mr. Johnson asked after a pause.

"Easy terms 'nough," said the marketman briskly. "You get him by means o' a note o' hand."

"A note o' hand," repeated Mr. Johnson, brightening up at once. "Do you mean I writes it out and pays some time when?" But his hope in this glorious prospect was rudely shattered by the marketman.

"A note o' hand means in dis case," he said, with disheartening clearness, "dat you hands me a two dollar note, Mr. Johnson, and I hands you de turkey in response to dat note."

Not Quite Strong Enough.
While Mr. Hawtrey and his company were playing "The Gray Mare" to crowded houses in Edinburgh some years ago the care of the thunderstorm, the noise of the rain being made by the vigorous rattling of a few pens in a tin box, was intrusted to an old Scotsman known as Mac, who had been employed about the Theater Royal for many years and was no longer as energetic as he used to be.
On the first night the pens were not rattled with sufficient energy to please Mr. Hawtrey, who, rushing over to the astonished Mac, rattled him, box and pens together, exclaiming:
"Londer, man; londer! It's a storm we want, not a Scotch mist!"

Solid Food For Scott's Intellect.
The librarian of the Aberdeen Public library shows in his annual report what books readers call for. In one case a librer's last thirty books from the library consisted of two books in science, one in philology, two in sociology, three poetry, three philosophy, eleven theology and eight fiction. Another remarkable case is that of an upholsterer, whose reading in a period of about two years consisted of one book in science, one in useful arts, two in history, five in biography and twenty-six books of travel.—St. James Gazette.

An Odd Simile.
Among the unconsciously grotesque tributes paid to Queen Victoria at the time of her death by the Indian press was this unique expression from a Hindoo scribe: "Her majesty loved her subjects with the strong, maternal affection which a cow feels for her offspring."
The simile would only be pleasing to the Englishman who remembered the honorable position of the cow and calf in the Hindoo religion.

The Pet Dog's Airing.
First Nursegirl:—Seems to me y'r puttin' on a heap o' style drivin' in the park with a moneygrammed kerriage and coachman and footmen, too. Does y'r missus lend y'r private rig?
Second Nursegirl:—She sends me to take her pet dog out for an airin'.

"But where's the dog?"
"Under th' seat."—New York Week ly.

Tart Repartee.
Of Sir William Harcourt Disraeli once said in his affectedly cynical way, "He has the three essential qualifications of success in politics—a fine person, a loud voice and no principles."
To this when it was repeated to him Harcourt rejoined, "Leaving out the first two qualifications, it might almost be applied to 'Dizzy' himself."

Write Not Blinded.
Mrs. Subbuss:—I see your husband goes out behind the stable to smoke. Don't you allow him to smoke in the house any more?
Mrs. Baklots:—Oh, he can smoke anywhere he likes, but just now he is putting up a bluff that he has sworn off.—Town Topics.

Too Previous.
The Subject (after the sitting):—I hadn't sat for a picture before in ten years, don't you know, and I'm deuced glad the worst is over.
The Photographer (innocently):—But you haven't seen the negative yet.—Pack.

One Effect of It.
"She seems to be growing lopsided."
"Yes, she's been a good deal in the company of a fellow who doesn't know any better than to grab her by the arm and try to help her along by holding one shoulder out of plumb."—Chicago Post.

London a hundred years ago had a population of 888,108, when the first official census was taken.

Character in the Eyes.
Steady eyes are always a sign of sincerity and honor, except when the head is slightly tilted back and the eyes look through half closed lids. Then the possessor does not trust, nor is he to be trusted. Shifting eyes betray a treacherous nature, one thoroughly dishonest, deceitful, restless and discontented. Clear eyes are a sign of good constitution. Frequently persons in ill health have comparatively clear eyes, but even in these cases they have either great recuperative powers or they have wasted health originally good.

Small eyes are indicative of an alert mind, of cleverness, wit and spontaneity. Large eyes show a quieter nature, one slow to rouse, but more intense when fully wrought upon. Long eyes belong to more poetic temperaments than round eyes. They proclaim more dreamy natures, more contented, less aspiring. Round eyes show ambition. They are sometimes found with unmistakable signs of an artistic nature, which is an indication of a rare combination of a sense of business and a love for art. Deep set eyes show thoughtfulness and logic. Eyes that seem to stand out from the face show love of action.

Bound to Use a "K."
There was once in eastern Tennessee a judge well versed in the law, but entirely self educated, who had this same obstacle of orthography to contend with all his days. In early life he had lived in Knoxville and for a long time insisted upon spelling the name Knoxville. His friends at last educated him up to the point of adding the K. So thoroughly, in fact, did he learn this lesson that when a few years afterward he removed to Nashville nothing could prevent him from spelling the name "Knashville."

After a few years' residence there the judge moved again, this time to Murfreesboro. One day he sat down to write his first letter from this place. He scratched his head in perplexity a moment and finally exclaimed: "Well, I'll give it up! How in the world can they spell the name of this place with a 'K'?"

When Finished.
Busy persons, forced to defend themselves from interminable talkers who have little to say, can appreciate a hint to which Henry IV. of France once resorted. A parliamentary deputy called upon him and made a long speech.

The king listened patiently for a time, then he decided that his visitor would do well to condense his remarks. He took him by the hand and led him to where they could see the gallery of the Louvre.

"What do you think of that building? When it is finished, it will be a good thing, will it not?"

"Yes," replied the man of many words, not guessing what was coming next.
"Well, monsieur, that is just the way with your discourse," was the king's mild observation.

He Was Only One.
A soldier who had just enlisted was placed on guard over a cannon. It was not long before he abandoned his post and went to a tavern not far off, where he indulged in the flowing bowl.
"Follow, why did you abandon your post?" exclaimed the captain, who happened to put in an appearance.

"Captain," was the reply of the indignant son of Mars, "I've tried to lift that cannon, and I'm satisfied no one can carry it away, and if more than one of the enemy comes after it I can't keep them off."

A Fabled Book.
The man who has an old book rebound can never be too minute in his instructions to his binder. Once upon a time, it is said, a tattered "Shakespeare" was sent to the binders for the sole purpose of preserving a number of marginal notes in manuscript. What was the chagrin of the owner when his book came back with the edges neatly parred and gilt and the notes that he treasured half cut away.—New York Tribune.

Explained.
"And haven't you got any more money?" asked the sweet young thing selling chaises at the church fair.
"Yes; I've got a dollar," reluctantly admitted the unfortunate but truthful young man. "But I put it in the sole of my stocking before putting on my shoes so as to have something to pay my car fare home."—Brooklyn Eagle.

White as a Color.
Speaking scientifically, white is a combination of all colors—that is, the pure light of the sun when decomposed by the spectrum analysis shows that it is made up of all the colors. Speaking popularly, white is a color, as a paint, and is not a color, as when we say that a person was "perfectly colorless."

Not Conclusive.
He:—I suppose you know I'm singing at your church now.
She:—No, I didn't.

He:—But surely your brother Jack told you I had joined the choir there.
She:—Oh, yes; he did tell me that.—Philadelphia Press.

Must Be.
They were both her friends, of course.
"Do you think," asked he, "that she is as old as she looks?"
"She tries not to look it," replied she, "so she must be." Feminine perspicacity transcends masculine reasoning.—Indianapolis News.

Always an Obstacle.
"There is always room at the top," said the food adviser.
"Indeed yes," answered the unfortunate person, "but the elevator is not always running."—Baltimore American.



A BOY'S LOCKER.

It is Quite Easy to Make and Handy For Storing Things.

A place to put everything must precede the putting of everything in its place. How can a boy be expected to be orderly unless he has some place where his ball and bats, his rackets and his fishing lines, to say nothing of half a hundred other things dear to his heart, can be safely stored?

One of the good things about a locker is the fact that the boy himself can make it. Some plain boards are nailed together to receive the drawers that are simply a nice quality of empty grocery boxes. The dimensions cannot be given here, because the dimensions will depend upon the size of the boxes that can be had. To secure drawers that are broader than their height it may be necessary to secure boxes of the right size in length and breadth, then to cut off a piece of the top, making the height of the bottom part that is left just right to go into its compartment.

The locker we have in mind calls for several sizes of boxes. It will be well to get the boxes together before making the framework of boards that is to hold them, then plans can be made according to the sizes that are at hand. It must be noted that all the boxes must be of the same size from front to rear, while four may be of the same width; one opening may be left for a closet, a door simply being hinged into the opening. The door is made of strips of board, with two cleats across the back, to which the strips are nailed.

The locker when completed is supported against the wall by a pair of stout brackets, to be had at the hardware store, where knobs for the drawers and a catch for the closet door can also be obtained for a few cents.

In a Bad Way.

This pudgy bundle of fat boy grew nearly as broad as he is long by constant stuffing. He was eating all the time while his eyes were open, and he



BADLY PUZZLED.

dreamed he was eating when he was asleep. Let him be a warning to you. You can tell what a bad way he is in by the following complaint which he made after one of his usual raids on the pantry:

"I'm so fat I can't tell which is throat and which is stomach, so I don't know whether I've got a sore throat or the stomach ache."—Chicago Record.

Strange Things About Plants.
Strange things are found among the plants and vegetables. A well known student of nature once tried the growing forces of a squash. When it was eighteen days old and measured seventeen inches in circumference, he fixed a sort of harness around it, with a long lever attached. The power of the squash was measured by the weight it lifted, the weight being fixed to the lever. When it was twenty days old, two days after the harness was fixed on it, it lifted sixty pounds. On the nineteenth day it lifted 5,000 pounds.

The seed of the globe turnip is about the twentieth part of an inch in diameter, and yet in the course of a few months this seed will be enlarged by the soil and the air into 27,000,000 times its original bulk, and this in addition to a bunch of leaves. It has been found by experiment that a turnip seed will under fair conditions increase its own weight fifteen times in a minute. Turnips growing in peat ground have been found to increase more than 15,000 times the weight of their seed in a day.

The Lost Smile.
Lost—a merry, good morning smile. With a cunning dimple on either side. Of coaxing lips that are parted wide. Showing small rows of teeth, like pearls. It hasn't been missed but a little while. And hasn't a pair of hazel eyes. Clouded now like the summer skies. And a mop of tangle-y, flaxen curls.

It was lost in the nursery this morning, when Dorothy, fresh and rosy from sleep. Looked out and saw the troublesome rain. Beating its greeting against the pane. Bathing the blossoms and bending the grain.

And—would you believe it—there and then. She, like the skies, began to weep! If you find it, don't put it on a shelf. Where Sunday bonnets and manners are stored. But bring it at once to Nursery row. For mother and brother both miss it so. And you shall receive a rich reward. For it will repay you its own sweet self! —Mary L. C. Robinson in Youth's Companion.

Trick With Glass of Water.
You wager any person that you will so fill a glass of water that he shall not move it off the table without spilling the whole contents. You then fill the glass and, laying a piece of thin card over the top of it, dexterously turn the glass upside down on the table and draw away the card and leave the water in the glass with its foot upward. It will therefore be impossible to remove the glass from the table without spilling every drop.

DRESS HINTS.

A debutante at her "coming out" usually wears a white gown of some thin material made high-necked and long sleeved.

In dressing it is not so much what you wear as what you do not wear. It is overdressing that makes frights of many women.

Clean your silk waists with naphtha, using a soft piece of flannel to apply it with. Take every precaution while using the naphtha, as it is dangerous if used near artificial light or fire.

One of the essential points on good dressing, as well as in all artistic things, is in the harmony of tones and colors. Unfortunately this is too often forgotten. A mass of coloring on clothes is always a mistake.

An absolute necessity for wear with cotton gowns is a supply of pretty belts, neckwear, ribbons, etc., which transform a plain dress, afford several changes with one dress and give a stylish touch to one's costume without much additional expense.

White lace may be tinted a deep cream by dipping in coffee. If an erudite tone is desired, it may be obtained by placing the lace in water to which powdered saffron has been added, the amount of saffron depending upon the depth of the erudite desired.

Using Powder.

A specialist in the care of the skin declares that the best method of applying powder is by means of absorbent cotton. According to her, the cotton should be dipped into the powder and this brushed over the face, powdering every part. Then with the hands the powder should be rubbed in thoroughly massaged in, as it were. Then the face should be lightly wiped off with a piece of soft cheesecloth.

The same specialist says that the powder should not be permitted to remain on the face over night. It should be washed off first, and then the skin should be massaged with cold cream and this in turn wiped off with the soft cloth. By this mode the skin is not injured.

The first requisite in powder is purity. Many of the most expensive and best known powders contain a mineral that in the end is bound to be harmful to the skin. For this reason a pure vegetable powder should always be sought, and if one is not sure of its integrity it is better to fall back upon cornstarch or upon rice flour. These are not so dainty and fragrant as the powders of commerce, but they cannot harm the complexion.

Morals of the Child.

The moral development of the child begins almost as soon as its mental, and the two march hand in hand. The home is the place where correct moral principles should be first instilled in the mind of the child, and neglect of this may mean endless suffering for parents and child. Too often this is left to the servants, relatives or the teacher later. The parent who can neglect this side of the child's development and trust it to somebody else is not worthy of the responsibility that has been conferred upon her. The neglect is not altogether intentional, but more often due to lack of energy and forethought. The work does not begin early enough, and the little mind gets warped before the lessons are taught.—Woman's Home Companion.

Effect of Tight Clothing.

Very red hands are often caused by tight stays, snug sleeves or pinching shoes. Choking collars will occasionally be the cause. The body must be comfortably dressed. No matter how trivial the discomfort, the effect will show in the facial expression. A hairpin that has gone into the scalp an inch or two will make the most angelic face wear a weary and worried look. Strange, isn't it? There is many a beauty bill that can be traced to some silly, useless little vanity. Any one who makes it a rule to eat food that is highly spiced or overstimulating is likely to be troubled with a very florid complexion or coarse red hands. Crisp green vegetables, lean broiled meats, a diet that is generally simple and substantial, is the first law of all beautifying.

Motherhood.

Motherhood is the noblest ideal of woman. The little girl whose doll is her delight is a mother at heart before she can walk or talk. The attribute remains and strengthens. In her womanhood she is a mother not only to her children, but to her entire family. To all essential ends she is a mother to her husband himself. Very like to the man she refused to marry she promised to be a sister, but to the man she did marry she became a mother without promising. Something, indeed, of this maternal tendency enters into all her affections, into all her relations of life.—Cardinal Gibbons.

Mutton Fat.

When you buy mutton chops or a leg of mutton, save all the suet. If you don't care for mutton and rarely serve it, a few cents will buy a pound of suet, and you can have all you need for such uses for more than a season in that weight. Melt it in a bowl set in hot water; strain through cheesecloth into wet cups. When cold, it turns out a nice, round ball of snow white, soft grease, to be applied as freely and as often as desired. It takes out soreness and allays pain of sore and clapped hands better than anything known.

Comfortable Cushions.

When making up a cushion, spread a thick sheet of wadding over, just under the outside cover, tacking down with a stitch at corners and middle of sides. The cushion feels softer, and it shows up the work or makes even a plain cover look better. Use white wadding for light and black for dark covers.

LAUNDRY LINES.

Never use brown soap when washing woolen goods.

Salt rubbed on the bottom of a sticky iron will smooth the surface.

Calicoes, ginghams and chintzes should be ironed on the wrong side.

Delicate cotton goods which might be spoiled by starch may be stiffened by wringing them out in milk.

Lace handkerchiefs should be washed with castile soap in warm water, in which are a few drops of ammonia.

Fabrics that are inclined to fade should be soiled and rinsed in very salt water to set the color before washing in suds.

If old kid gloves are worn when ironing or a layer of kid or leather put in the iron holder, the laundress' hands are not so apt to become calloused.

Paraffin wax in starch is frequently employed to give a brilliant finish to the starched article and also to prevent the iron from sticking. Add a piece the size of a walnut to the boiling starch.

Children's Appetites.

To promote children's appetites take care that they have plenty of outdoor exercise and that they have only such simple, homely food as they can digest. If this be done, there will seldom if ever be any cause for anxiety on the score of their lack of appetite.

If children are fed on highly seasoned and rich foods and are allowed to eat between meals, their little stomachs are overtaxed, and not only do they lose all healthy appetite, but the food they take does not nourish them as it should do.

Illness is a most expensive and in most cases a preventable nuisance, and the best way to keep children happy and good is to keep them well, which is usually easily managed by attending to simple rules of health.

A child's appetite is a pretty fair indicator of health, so if it fails and the failure is not due to indigestion in diet see whether it is worried over lessons and has enough sleep. Keep it from reading sensational stories and, if needed, give it a short holiday from school.

Philadelphia Women.

"Philadelphia, for a city of its size, is singularly lacking in prominent women—women of national reputation and importance," said one of her clubwomen. "Of course there are many women here who are identified with various movements that tend to give them local prominence, but that is all. They are scarcely known outside their native city."

"Dr. Hannah W. Longshore, who was the first woman to practice medicine in America, and Mrs. E. D. Gillespie belonged to the class I have in mind, but they are dead. I might also mention Agnes Reppel and Florence Earle Coates in literature, Cecil Beaumont in art and Mrs. Cornelius Stevenson in archaeological research, but even these women are prominent only as appealing to a limited class. What I mean is we have no great leaders."—Philadelphia Record.

Venetian Lace Work.

Venetian point lace differs from royal battenberg and other laces in that it is worked on the right side of the pattern instead of the reverse side and because there are no braids used in its construction. The work also proceeds from left to right after the manner in which a picture is drawn. The pattern is drawn on muslin, which in turn is basted on a heavier material and outlined with heavy linen thread and heavier cord, which add raised effects to the pattern and are buttonholed over very closely, thus giving a solid foundation for developing the numerous fine stitches, which are worked in very closely together.

Exercise.

"I get all the exercise I need in going about my household duties," many women assert, but that is the greatest mistake possible. Under ordinary circumstances a few sets of muscles are called into activity, and the mind at the same time is fully occupied. For physical exercise to be helpful the mind should be at rest. A walk of twenty minutes' duration in the open air is an absolute daily necessity and should be at a reasonably brisk pace. Deep breathing should be practiced on these walks until it becomes a fixed habit.

Dining Room Decoration.

An appropriate overmantel decoration for a dining room is the following, done in burnt and illuminated work. An inscription in quaint lettering reads, "Cheer and great welcome make a merry feast." A border of pomegranate blossoms encircles this, and an extremely pretty effect is secured by outlining a Cupid standing beside a fagot of fire, over which hangs a steaming pot, which the graceful little god stirs with a wand. The vapor floats over the panel in sweeping lines.

Bathing.

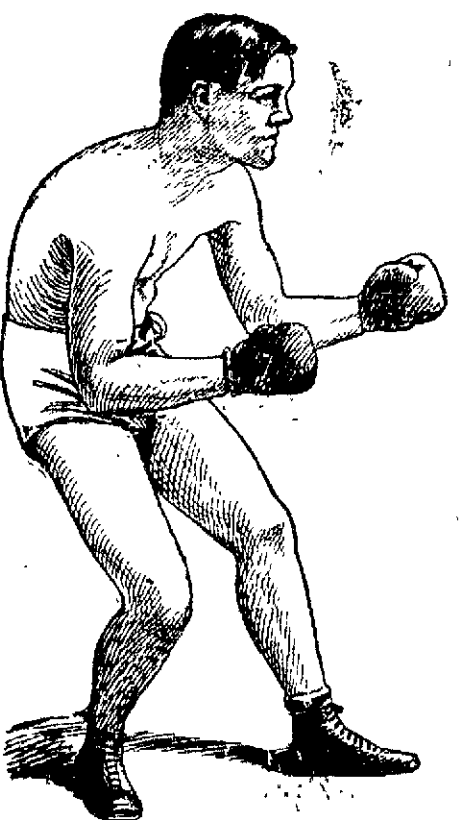
Bathing, like eating and sleeping and exercising, should be done regularly. It should also be regarded as a pleasure and a luxury. The girl who thinks of a bath as small children contemplate washing dishes or doing some other disagreeable task does not get the real, full, jolly benefits of the tub. Those who find the daily bath restful, stimulating and pleasant cannot get along without it.

Mackintoshes.

Mackintoshes, when dirty, can be easily cleaned at home. Spread out the garment flat on a table, and scrub it with warm water and yellow soap, in which a little carbonate of ammonia has been dissolved. Rub in cold water and hang in the air to dry. On no account put it near the fire.

The SPORTING OLD

McGovern Redivivus.
Now that Terry McGovern has disposed of his lifelong enemy, Dave Sullivan, in a manner highly satisfactory to the "Terrible Brooklynite" the latter is looking forward expectantly to his coming match with "Young Corbett," who for some time had been dodging all efforts to pin him to a definite statement. That McGovern has greatly improved since the fatal encounter with the lad from Denver is generally acknowledged by the spectators of the recent fight in Louisville, and if he continues to keep himself in good condition there is no reason why he should not put up an old time McGovern argument when he once more crosses fists with Corbett.
McGovern and Corbett signed articles a few days ago to fight Oct. 15 be-



TERRY MCGOVERN'S FIGHTING POSE.

fore the club offering the biggest purse, and when the featherweights get together the hottest contest of recent years is sure to take place. Both men are looking for each other's blood, and although Corbett has the prestige of activity over Terry the latter has bright prospects for reversing the result of the Thanksgiving day bout at Hartford.

English Pheasants in Ohio.

Ohio sportsmen are delighted with the result of their efforts to introduce English pheasants as a game bird on the farms and preserves of the state. Although the efforts were begun only three years ago, there are now thousands of adult birds at large, with the number increasing each year at a remarkable rate. Three years ago the legislature appropriated a sum for the game warden to begin raising pheasants for state distribution. Sportsmen gave active co-operation, and farmers in the state manifested surprising interest. The game warden was overwhelmed with orders for birds and eggs. The following year the same demand was still greater. The state law prevents the birds being shot before December, 1904, and the proposed new law will extend the time to December, 1906, when sportsmen expect there will be 1,000,000 birds wild in the state. The prairie chicken was introduced in the same way several years ago.

Tebeau's Louisville Team.

George Tebeau, having finally perfected all details for the Louisville franchise in the American association, has made public the names of the members of the team signed by him. They are as follows:

Pitchers—Dunkle, Providence; Denzer, Chicago American; Mathey, Pittsburg; Kerwin, Buffalo; Gorman, Eastern; Bruce, Eastern; Coons, Omaha; Westing, Grand Rapids.

Catchers—Schirer, St. Louis National; Raub, Eastern; Spies, Chicago American; Infielders—Cassidy, Providence; Curpittsburg; Al Warner, Pittsburg; Sullivan, Cleveland; Andrews, Buffalo.

Outfielders—Flournoy, Providence; Clymer, Buffalo; Gannon, Chicago National.

Tebeau is negotiating for grounds, 420 by 420 feet, at Seventh and Kentucky streets, in the heart of Louisville, and an architect is now making plans for a grand stand. The location is a ten minutes' ride from the business center. The team will report April 1 and will go to French Lick Springs for training.

Southern Cycle Circuit.

John S. Prince, the Atlanta (Ga.) bicycle manager, has announced that he has made arrangements for a bicycle circuit composed of Atlanta, Savannah and Jacksonville and that he will give one night's racing weekly in each of these cities during April and May. New tracks will be built in Savannah and Jacksonville. Mr. Prince is now in Savannah completing his plans.

Harris Is After Blood.

Harry Harris, who has been idle since he defeated Pedlar Palmer in England, thinks he is about due to battle for the featherweight championship. In a challenge he offers to meet any man who will make 122 pounds, ringside, and names "Young Corbett," Terry McGovern and Benny Yanger as the particular fighters he would like to meet.

Timely Tact Talk.

N. T. Kirby says Cornelia Belle, 2:10, is at all appearances as sound as ever and that she will be prepared to take part in the 2:10 trots of the present season down the big line. Much Better, 2:07½, has been purchased by Ho Yow, the Chinese consul in San Francisco. It is reported that he is also negotiating the purchase of McKinney and Iran Alto.

YEAR 1

TRUSSES

Having all the latest improvements in TRUSSES, combined with the "know how," enables us to guarantee satisfaction. Try us! If we fail to fit you, it costs you nothing.

A full line of **Shoulder Braces** **Supporters** **AND** **Suspensories** Always on hand.

PHILBRICK'S PHARMACY

SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER



now, and we have the finest stock of Landmark wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite colorings and artistic patterns. Only expert workmen are employed by us, and our price for first-class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

J. H. Gardiner
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

C. E. BOYNTON
BOTTLES OF ALL KINDS OF
Summer Drinks,

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer, Tonic, Vanilla, Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Redhead Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general and every endeavor will be made to fill all orders promptly and to a satisfactory measure.

C. E. Boynton
16 Bow Street Portsmouth

Gray & Prime

DELIVER

COAL

IN BAGS

NO DUST NO NOISE

111 Market St. Telephone 24.

GEORGE A. TRAFTON, BLACKSMITH

Horse Shoeing in all its branches. Particular attention given to interfering and over-reaching horses.

Ship Work, Carriage and Tool Work of all kinds promptly attended to.

Stone Tool Sharpening a Specialty.

NO. 118 MARKET ST.

THE HERALD.

MINIATURE ALMANAC, MARCH 12.

SUN RISES..... 6:41 MIDNIGHT..... 12:01 P. M.
UN RISES..... 5:46 FULL MOON..... 10:30 A. M.
LENGTH OF DAY..... 11:14

First Quarter, March 16th, 5h. 13m. evening, E.
Full Moon, March 23d, 10h. 21m. evening, E.
Last Quarter, April 1st, 10h. 21m. morning, E.
New Moon, April 8th, 5h. 50m. morning, E.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Washington, March 11.—Forecast for New England: Showers Wednesday, warmer in southeastern portions. Thursday unsettled weather, probably showers, fresh to brisk south winds.

MUSIC HALL BOX OFFICE HOURS.

Open 7:30 to 9:00 a. m., 12:30 to 2, 5 to 6, and 7 to 8 p. m., three days in advance of each attraction. Tickets may be ordered by calling Telephone No. 37-2.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1902.

CITY BRIEFS.

The overseers of the poor have cleared up their work.

The board of registers had an easy time of it on Tuesday.

Have your shoes repaired by John Mott, 34 Congress street.

Newington will have a rural free mail delivery route in operation by July 1st.

The annual concert of the parochial school will be held next Monday evening at Music hall.

The Village Postmaster proved one of the most successful attractions here last season. At Music hall tonight.

The Ladies' Aid circle of the Pearl street church will meet this Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. B. F. Cammy.

The Village Postmaster, which fills an engagement at Music hall tonight, is one of the best attractions on the road.

Music lessons on Violin, Cornet, Mandolin and Banjo. R. L. Reinwald, bandmaster U. S. Naval Band, 6 Court street.

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Friday at 3 p. m. A full attendance is desired.

Ernest Johnson and brother of Free-man's Point have sold their house and land there to the White Mountain Paper company for \$6,000.

The public installation of the officers of Olive company, No. 296, Knights of Malta, will take place next Tuesday evening in Porter hall.

The annual encampment of the New Hampshire division, Sons of Veterans, will be held at G. A. R. hall in Concord on April 24 and 25.

The degree staff of Osgood lodge, I. O. O. F., go to Newfields this Wednesday evening to confer the initiatory degree on four candidates.

Dr. Lemuel Pope, Jr., is to read a paper before the state board of health at its school of instruction for local boards to be held in Concord on April 5.

The engineers in charge of the construction of the mile-long bridge over the mouth of Hampton river expect to complete the structure in about a week.

The large amount of work done at the new light and power station may be had by knowing that they are using 3,000 bricks a day, which come from Epping.

The directors of the Country club have completed arrangements for its invitation concert and ball to be held in Philbrick hall on the evening of March 31.

The P. N. Co. barges York and Berwick are being made ready for this season's work and will be towed to work to load brick for Boston, by the tug Mathes.

After April 1st, the Postal Telegraph company will reduce the rate on messages from New England points to Arkansas from 75 and 5 to 60 and 4, night rates proportionately reduced.

Builds up the system, puts pure blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy—Bur-lot, Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

By Bribing the Nerves with opium you may stop a cough but the inflammation goes from bad to worse. Allen's Lung Balsam, contains no opium, goes to the root of the trouble and cures the deep-seated affections of throat and lungs.

Health for 10 Cents.

A lively liver, pure blood, clean skin, bright eyes, perfect health—Cascarets Candy Cathartic will obtain and secure them for you. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, 10c.


THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Republicans Elect Their Mayor, 9 Aldermen

And 16 Councilmen.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE CORRECT TABULATED VOTE BY WARDS.

Republican.	Mayor.	Democratic.
John Pender.....	357 John E. Pickering.....	177
Thomas G. Lester.....	277 Ira C. Seymour.....	203
Frederic L. Martin.....	231 Robert H. Hall.....	172
Frank W. Knight.....	275 Charles A. Garland.....	190
Common Councilmen.		
Edwin C. Hopworth.....	291 Wallace G. Campbell.....	173
Edwain A. Manton.....	291 Arthur S. Johnson.....	177
Edwain B. Newman.....	293 John Leary.....	163
Harry M. Tucker.....	281 John Mooney, Jr.....	185
Frederic L. Stockton.....	286 Daniel Crowley.....	161
Robert C. Mudge.....	285 Edward A. Weeks.....	190
Assessors of Taxes.		
John V. McDevitt.....	314 Samuel Maddock.....	176
Frederic R. Martin.....	302 James Kehoe.....	173
James A. N. Hunt.....	323 Thomas Laughlin.....	163
Overseer of Poor.		
Joseph W. Akerman.....	318 Shirley H. Davis.....	167
WARD TWO.		
Republican.	Mayor.	Democratic.
John Pender.....	516 John E. Pickering.....	156
Aldermen.		
Charles E. Bailey.....	487 John G. Parsons.....	218
Wallace D. Smith.....	514 Herbert A. Marjens.....	171
George A. Wood.....	438 John J. Molloy.....	171
Common Councilmen.		
Laurie D. Brutton.....	496 Charles D. Varrell.....	187
John N. Goodall.....	489 Fred L. Hartford.....	184
Daniel A. McIntire.....	506 Karl Fink.....	142
Sylvester F. A. Pickering.....	466 Neil J. Smith.....	145
Israel H. Washburn.....	486 Allison L. Phinney.....	156
James A. McCarthy.....	461 Frank S. Seymour.....	181
Assessors of Taxes.		
Joseph H. Gardner.....	498 True W. Priest.....	166
Simon R. Martineau.....	493 William G. Marshall.....	174
Warren P. Webster.....	495 Horace Mudge.....	167
Overseer of Poor.		
Edward S. Downs.....	187 Silas J. Wentworth.....	166
WARD THREE.		
Republican.	Mayor.	Democratic.
John Pender.....	126 John E. Pickering.....	269
Aldermen.		
Thomas A. Ward.....	102 Albert H. Adams.....	221
Common Councilmen.		
William P. Young.....	105 Daniel J. Scott.....	213
William H. Appleton.....	100 Carlisle Clark.....	217
Assessor.		
John Hallam.....	108 Bartholomew Mahoney.....	206
Overseer of Poor.		
Joseph J. Wain.....	112 Patrick Connors.....	201
WARD FOUR.		
Republican.	Mayor.	Democratic.
John Pender.....	240 John E. Pickering.....	91
Aldermen.		
Edward H. Adams.....	226 William S. Hazel.....	116
Arthur H. Locke.....	220 Benjamin W. Burke.....	87
Common Councilmen.		
George E. Cox.....	207 William P. Gardner.....	103
Ralph L. Hanscom.....	221 Benjamin F. Mudge, Jr.....	101
Assessor.		
Charles E. Leach.....	218 John Perkins.....	99
Overseer of Poor.		
Stephen H. Goodwin.....	200 Frank L. Woods.....	116
WARD FIVE.		
Republican.	Mayor.	Democratic.
John Pender.....	180 John E. Pickering.....	117
Aldermen.		
Herman A. Clark.....	177 John Long.....	119
Common Councilmen.		
Charles G. Asay.....	170 Clarence H. Canney.....	144
George L. Hershey.....	165 Daniel N. Cox.....	146
Assessor.		
Fred C. Young.....	166 Dennis McGrath.....	148
Overseer of Poor.		
Nathaniel H. Lear.....	167 Jeremiah F. Horan.....	150



If the teacher could wipe away the blotches from her skin as easily as she does the caricature with its pimply face, she would be a happy woman.

Pimples and eruptions are more than a disfigurement to a woman—they make her sensitive and unhappy. The way to cleanse the skin is to purify the blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood, and removes the clogging accumulations and poisons which corrupt it. When these are removed, pimples, boils, eruptions, sores, and other consequences of impure blood are entirely cured.

"For about one year and a half my face was very badly broken out," writes Mrs. Corne Adams of 16 West Main St., Bitter Creek, N. H. "I spent a great deal of money with doctors and for different kinds of medicine but received no benefit. At last I obtained a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Before I had taken one bottle of this medicine I noticed a change, and after taking three bottles I was entirely cured. I can well recommend Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to any one suffering afflicted."

Accept no substitute for the "Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for impure blood and skin diseases.

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, is given away. Send 21 one-cent stamps expense of mailing only, for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PERSONALS.

Fred J. Rider was in Boston on Tuesday.

John S. Rand was in Boston Tuesday on business.

George Henry of Dearborn street is restricted to his home by illness.

John S. Young went to New York Tuesday morning on a business trip.

Mrs. C. C. Bailey of Westbrook, Me., is visiting Rev. and Mrs. George B. Lighthouse of Daniel street.

St. and Mrs. Oliver H. Ayers of Berlin are passing a few days with Mrs. Ayers' parents in this city.

McGovern Hatchelder is spending a few days at his former home in Raymond, the guest of friends.

Miss Charlotte Fraser of Dorchester, Mass., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John G. Tobey of State street.

Miss Ellen Wentworth, head milliner for Mrs. C. H. Clough, is in Boston, getting the latest styles for Easter.

Mrs. Dyer Young of Bar Harbor is in the city, called here by the serious illness of her daughter, Miss Edward Call of Colbin's Court.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Marcy have returned from a tour of several months in Washington and other northern cities, and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Green of Middle street.

Rev. Charles F. Martin of Sunapee is slowly improving from a very serious illness. His sister, Miss Bertha Martin, of New Castle avenue, has returned from a fortnight's visit with him.

The many friends of Captain and Mrs. Benjamin Bowden, who have both been seriously ill with pneumonia at their home in Elliot, will be pleased to know that they are recovering, although not out of danger.

WORK TO BEGIN SOON.

Arrangements for construction of Big Paper Mill at Portsmouth.

It is understood that the White Mountain Paper company has had to pay the sum of \$75,000 for the land at Freeman's Point, where it is to have its paper mill.

The price of the land took an awful jump as soon as it was known that a \$25,000,000 corporation wanted it. For instance, one piece of property which was taxed at \$850 was bought for \$7,720, while another man offered his land, which he would have sold for a few hundred dollars before, for \$25,000 or \$30,000 of the preferred stock of the company. The entire strip of land was valued at about \$10,000.

All of the options have been taken up and the deeds registered so that the actual work of construction will begin in a few weeks at the outside.

OBITUARY.

Miss Mary G. Tompson.

Miss Mary Goodwin Tompson, daughter of the late John G. Tompson of South Berwick, Me., died in Boston last Sunday, aged sixty-nine years. Funeral services and interment took place in South Berwick on Tuesday.

Daniel Shannon.

The death of Daniel F. Shannon occurred on Tuesday afternoon at the home of his nephew, John Shannon, of Myrtle street at the age of eighty-three years, four months and eight days, death being caused by paralysis. The funeral took place at 2:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon from the home of his nephew.

Years of suffering relieved in one night. Itching piles yield at once to the curative properties of Doan's Ointment. Never fails. At any drug store.

Underwood Typewriter

EVERY LETTER IN SIGHT.

Principle: New Writing: New Tabulating: Rapidly: Speed: Increase: Touch: Elastic: Automatic: Care: Resistant: Actual: Advantage.

Examine the **UNDERWOOD** At the Herald Office

LOW PRICES.

Many people shout "Low Prices!" The prices are low—so is the quality of the tools. We say low prices and we back up the statement with a good strong reason. We can make the best clothing—make it as well as it can be made—at low prices, because our expenses are light and we have many patrons. There is no use throwing money away. There is no use paying any more for perfection than you have to. We will be glad to see you at any time.

POLICE COURT.

This morning at ten o'clock Michael Norton was arraigned before Judge Edward H. Adams charged with being drunk on Market square on Tuesday. Norton pleaded guilty and as he has no work and no home he was sentenced to the county farm at Brentwood for a term of six months.

The next case charged Miss Nellie Martin, aged sixteen years, with being a willful and disobedient child. Mrs. Martin, mother of the girl, testified that her daughter had run away to her sisters several times against her wishes and would not mind her. Lawyer Ernest L. Guphill appeared for the daughter. Miss Martin testified that she had run away from home and gone to her sisters because she was abused at home and could not stand it, and had petitioned probate court to have Mrs. Locke, her sister, appointed her guardian. Judge Adams reserved his decision until after probate court and allowed the girl to go on her own recognizance.

PORTSMOUTH ATHLETIC CLUB.

The regular monthly meeting of the Portsmouth Athletic club was held at the club house Tuesday evening. President Conner presiding.

Eight applications for membership were favorably acted on.

President Conner was empowered to appoint a committee of five to make all necessary arrangements and name a date for a ladies' night.

The club voted to accept the directors' report on the purchase of the building and an offer of \$6,000 will be made the owners of the building for the property.

Refreshments were served in the basement.

VERY LOW RATES TO THE NORTHWEST.

March 1 to April 30, 1902, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway will sell tickets to Montana, Idaho and North Pacific coast points at the following greatly reduced rates: From Chicago to Butte, Helena and Anaconda, \$30.00; Spokane, \$30.50; Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria and Vancouver, \$33.00. Choice of routes via Omaha or St. Paul to points in Montana, Oregon and Washington.

For further information apply to my coupon ticket agent in the United States or Canada, or address W. W. Hall, New England Passenger Agent, 302 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

FLORIDA AND CUBA.

The fast vestibuled, electric-lighted train service to the southern resorts, operated by the Plant system and connections, is unequalled. Literature upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Passenger Agent of the Plant System at No. 290 Broadway, New York.

HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, March 12.—United States revenue steamer Seninote, cruising; tug Shawanago, Portland, with barge Beverly, Portland, Perth Amboy, barge Bath, Buffalo; schooner Annie F. Kimball, Rockport, Virginia, light; schooner Onward, St. John, Boston, light; gasoline launch Bryda F., Boston, Kittery.

Sailed, March 12.—Tug M. Mitchell Davis for Cape Porpoise.

Nothing Tastes Good

And eating is simply perfunctory—done because it must be.

This is the common complaint of the dyspeptic.

If eating sparingly would cure dyspepsia, few would suffer from it long.

The only way to cure dyspepsia, which is difficult digestion, is to give vigor and tone to the stomach and the whole digestive system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured the niece of Frank Fay, 100 N. St., South Boston, Mass., who writes that she had been a great sufferer from dyspepsia for six years; had been without appetite and had been troubled with sour stomach and headache. She had tried many other medicines in vain. Two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla made her well.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Don't wait till you are worse, but buy a bottle today.

Underwood Typewriter

EVERY LETTER IN SIGHT.

Principle: New Writing: New Tabulating: Rapidly: Speed: Increase: Touch: Elastic: Automatic: Care: Resistant: Actual: Advantage.

Examine the **UNDERWOOD** At the Herald Office

LOW PRICES.

Many people shout "Low Prices!" The prices are low—so is the quality of the tools. We say low prices and we back up the statement with a good strong reason. We can make the best clothing—make it as well as it can be made—at low prices, because our expenses are light and we have many patrons. There is no use throwing money away. There is no use paying any more for perfection than you have to. We will be glad to see you at any time.

HAUGH, LADIES AND GENTS TAILOR

20 High Street.

Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Relief Hall and have it reupholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions and Coverings.

R. H. HALL

Hanover Street. Near Market.

COAL AND WOOD

C. E. WALKER & CO.,

Commission Merchants

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Coal and Wood

Office Cor. State and Water Sts.

Plant System

Playing Cards.

Deck of beautifully finished playing cards, in fine gold-stamped case, sent upon receipt of twenty-five cents in silver or stamps. Address,

J. J. FARNSWORTH,

EASTERN PASS. AGENT,

290 Broadway, New York.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS

Upholstery and Mattress Work

F. A. ROBBINS,

49 Islington Street.

THOMAS McCUE.

Stone Stable, - Fleet Street.